

2023 Rural Water Summit

Thursday, August 31, 2023 9:00AM — 4:00PM McKinley County

2nd Floor Training Center

AGENDA

```
9:00am - 9:20am -- Welcome & Introductions
9:20am - 10:20am -- Keynote Address
10:20am – 11:00am – Regional Water Collaboration
11:00am - 11:10am -- BREAK
11:10am – 12:00pm -- Regional Water Collaboration (cont.)
12:00pm - 1:00pm - LUNCH & WLI Graduation Ceremony
1:00pm – 1:45pm – Presentation: How To Get From Here To There
1:45pm – 2:30pm – NMED Partners Presentations
2:30pm - 2:40pm - BREAK
2:40pm - 3:40pm -- NMED Partners Presentations (cont.)
3:40pm – 3:50pm – Funding Opportunities
3:50pm - 4:00pm -- Closing & Adjourn
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WELCOME & INTRODUCTIONS

9:00AM - 9:20AM



Rep. Harry Garcia, District 69

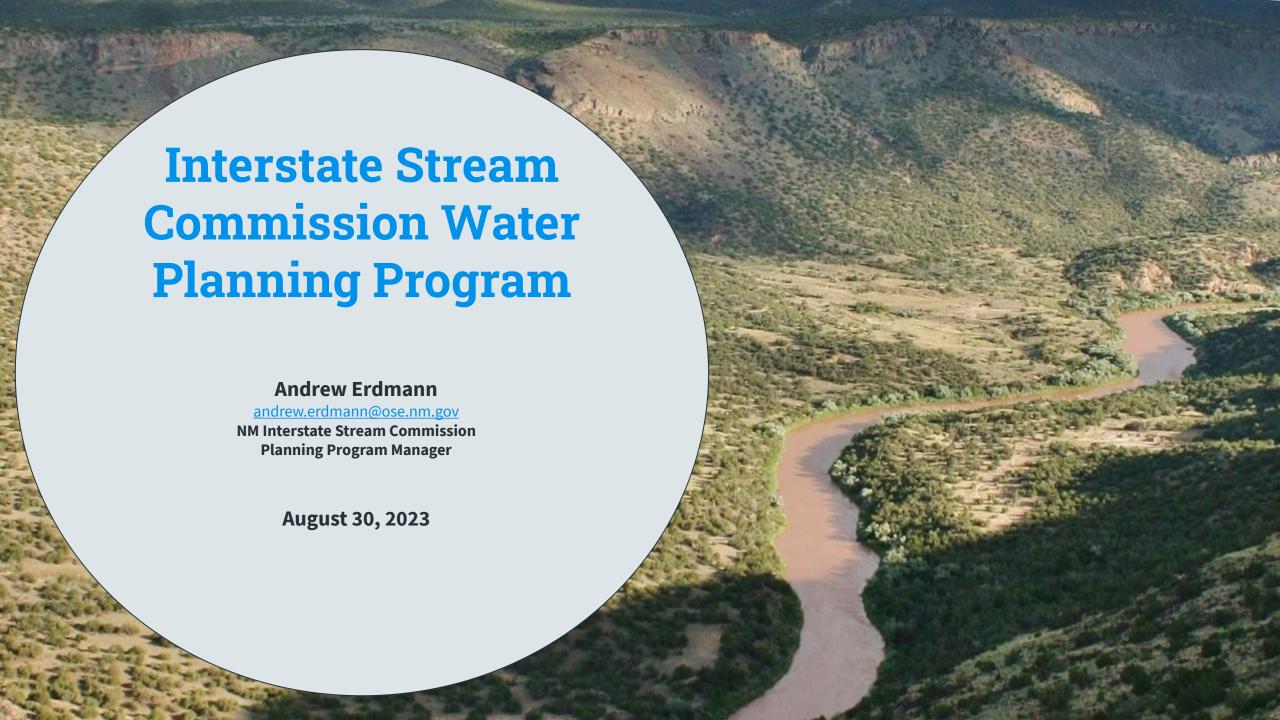
- State Representative
- Vice-Chair, House Transportation, Public Works, & Capital Improvement
- Member, House Appropriations & Finance Committee
- Member, Legislative Finance Committee
- Chair, Military & Veterans' Affairs Committee

KEYNOTE ADDRESS

9:20AM - 10:20AM



Andrew Erdmann, State Engineer
Interstate Stream Commission

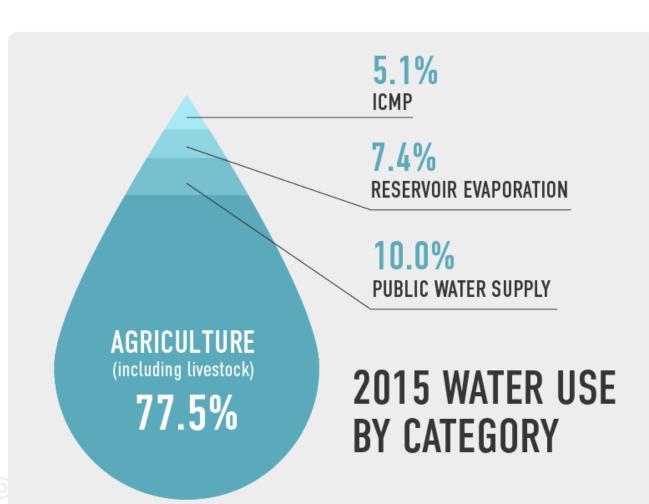


Water Planning in NM - Presentation Outline

- Challenges
 - The Status Quo
 - Major Challenges
- Planning Efforts
 - State Water Planning
 - Regional Water Planning



Water Planning Challenges: The Status Quo



- Agriculture is the largest water user in New Mexico
- Water Rights are administered based on priority dates
- Levels of groundwater use are not sustainable
- Interstate compacts and endangered species flow requirements exist

NEW MEXICO'S WATER FUTURE = DRIER / MORE VARIABLE

- Anticipated continued changes in climate will mean less water is available while demands continue to increase.
- Given this new reality, we must plan ahead to ensure continuing economic development and the needs of all New Mexicans are met.

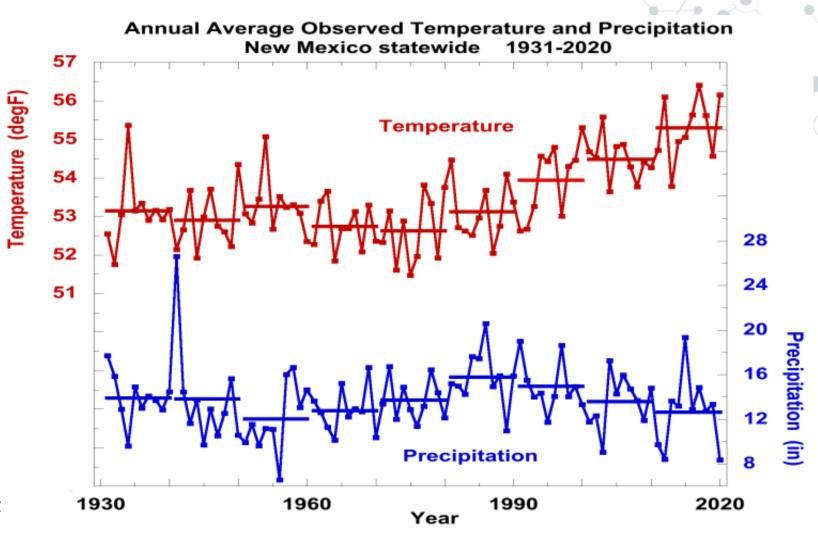
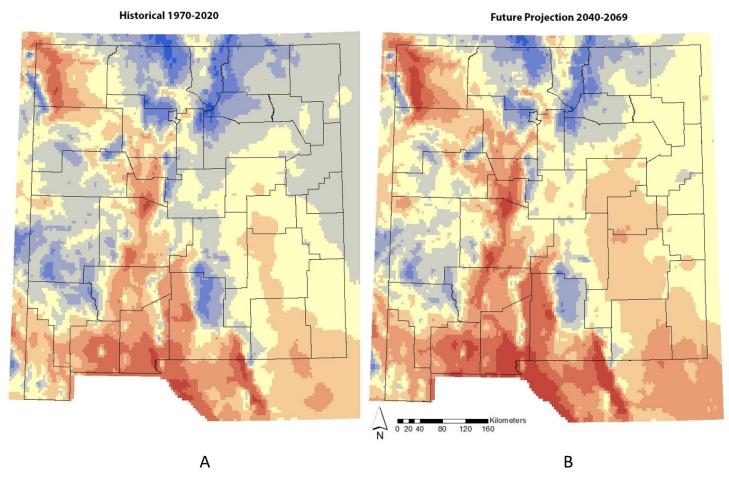


Image from <u>Climate Change in New Mexico over</u> the Next 50 Years: <u>Impacts on Water Resources</u>



Projected change in the aridity index over New Mexico. (a) Average aridity index from 1970-2000 data, (b) Average aridity index from 2040-2069 projections, generated from 20-model ensemble RCP8.5. (c) Difference between 2040-2069 and 1970-2000 aridity indexes. Aridity index is defined as the ratio of average potential evapotranspiration to the average precipitation.

Image from Climate Change in New Mexico over the Next 50 Years: Impacts on Water Resources

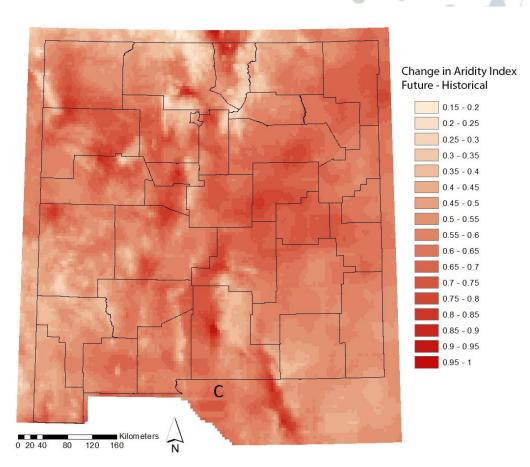


Aridity Index

3.1 - 4

5.1 - 6

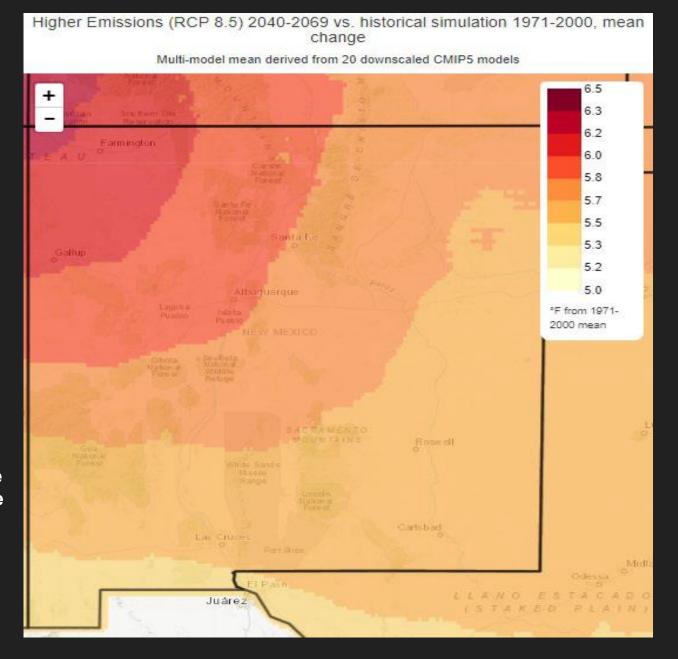
7.1 - 8 8.1 - 9



Temperature Change in New Mexico

- Temperature increase will occur throughout the entire state.
- Especially high in the Northwest part of the state.

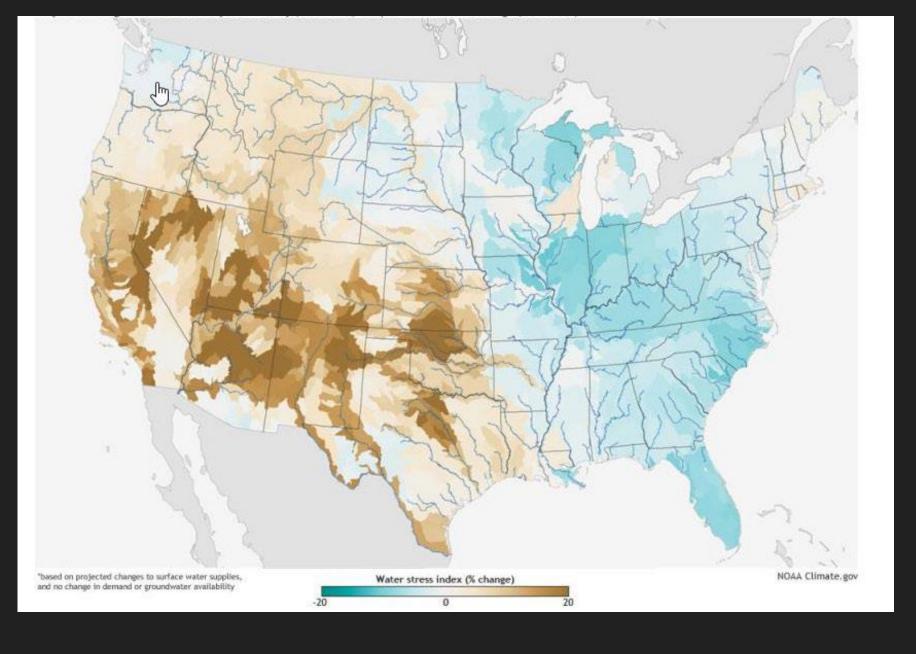
Annual average temperature simulated by 20 CMIP5 climate simulations by different models, spatially averaged over the state of New Mexico. Temperature change is defined as the difference between two thirty-year averages: (2040-2069) minus (1971-2000); the central years of these averaging periods are 70 years apart, so this plot represents 70-year temperature changes across the state.

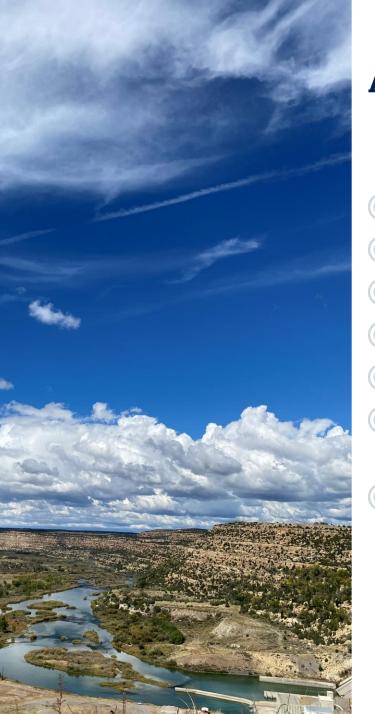


Climate Change: National Water Stress Index

- The eastern half of the country can expect more water,
- the west can expect more water stress.

Projected change in water stress by mid-century (2040-2061) compared to historical average (1900-2668 1970). Lindsey, 2013.

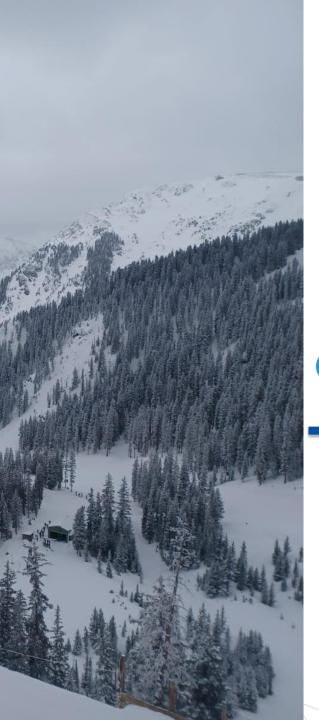




Additional Major Problems Facing New Mexicans in the Coming Decades

- Persistent drought being exacerbated by rising average annual temperatures
- Catastrophic wildfires resulting from watersheds devastated by drought
- Declining aquifers resulting from reduced surface water supplies
- Aging water and wastewater infrastructure, hitting rural systems hardest
- Need for stormwater control investments as intense monsoon events rise
- Lack of consistent funding for proper human capacity development at all levels of government and the private sector
- Need for long-view planning and investment to correct years of under-funding

We are already seeing these changes.
These impacts will ultimately affect all New Mexicans.



New Mexico needs to find a new Water Balance

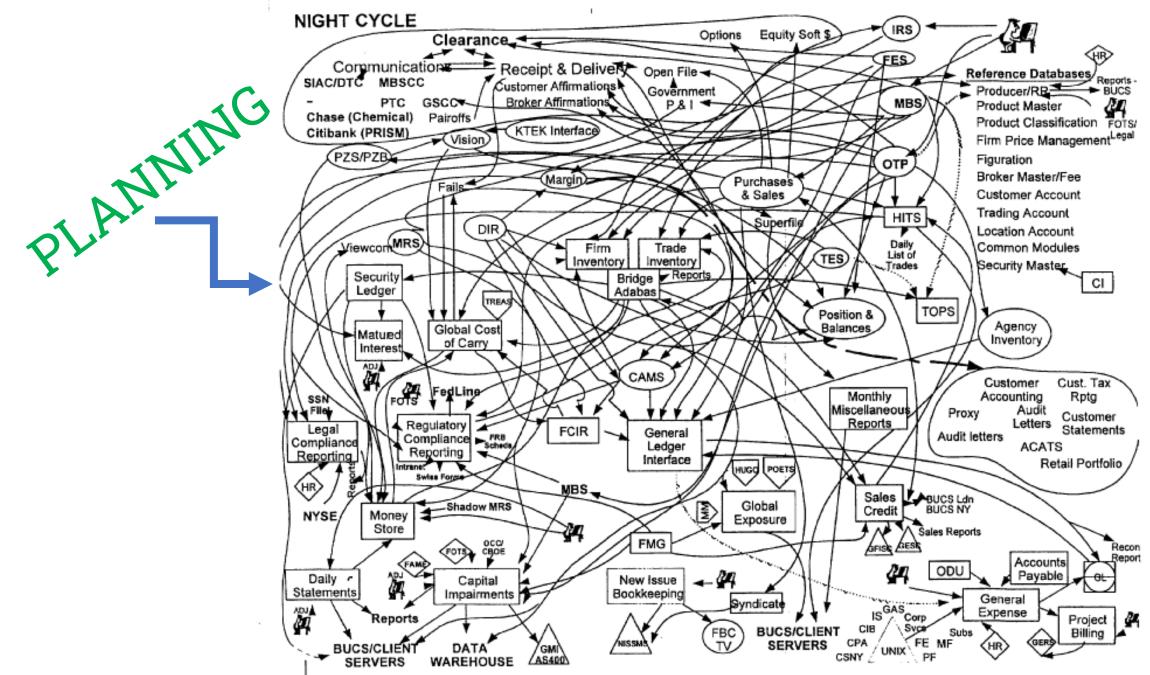
Water Availability

Water Need



WATER BALANCE





Credit - Richard Ziade at Basement.org for the complicated diagram

NMISC's Water Planning Program

State Water Plan

Updated every 5 years

Regional Water
Planning

Updated Statue 2023 SB337: Water Security Planning Act

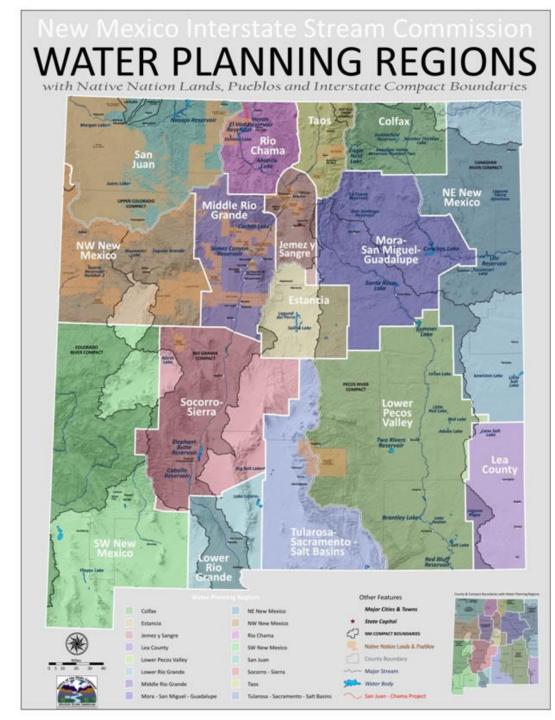


State Water Plan

- Last updated in 2018
- Review is required every 5 years at a minimum
- Extensive statutory requirements
- Update will be a review of statutory requirements and a timeline of how to address those given climate change projections

Regional Water Planning

- First began in 1987 in response to TX claims on NM water
- Two rounds of regional water planning have occurred throughout NM
- SB 337 was just passed during the legislative session = Water Security Planning Act to reinvigorate regional water planning



The Water Security Planning Act

New statute requires that regional water planning will:

- o Ensure scientific integrity through the best available data, science and models
- o Build on and incorporate existing planning efforts, and not be redundant
- Be grounded in state water law, including respecting existing water rights and the doctrine of prior appropriation
- Support implementation through prioritization of projects and activities and reporting mechanisms for decision-makers
- o Increase local capacity through increased and more consistent support
- o Involve robust public engagement every step of the way

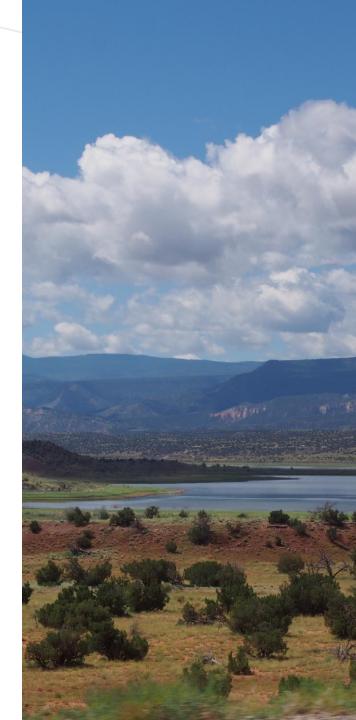
Implementation of effective solutions requires engagement from local communities.

Next Steps:

- Water Security Planning Act:
 - Rulemaking and guidelines
 - Need for robust public involvement
 - Formation of a Tribal Advisory Council
 - All-hands-on-deck moment

Momentum on:

- Funding mechanisms for water infrastructure
- Federal funding ensuring NM takes full advantage of currently available \$\$
- Groundwater data and management
- State and local capacity development
- Supporting water planning next steps





Water Security Planning: What the rules will address

- The boundaries & number of regions
- Criteria for ISC approval of a regional security plan
- Procedure for regional water planning entities to develop and notify the ISC of regional public welfare issues
- Composition of regional water planning entities
- Procedure for regional water planning entities to consider public welfare values and the needs of future generations

This list is a minimum only

Water Security Planning: What the guidelines will address

- How stakeholders will be identified
- Requirements for public input, proposal contents, and collaboration with state agencies
- Process for approval of grants or loans
- Metrics for reporting
- Procedure and scheduling for regional plan implementation





SB 337: Developing Rules & Guidelines

- Laying the Groundwork for Robust Public Involvement
 - Data Visualization Work with NM Firm
 - Outreach & Communication Strategy
 - Developing Proposed Boundaries & Processes
- Conducting Public Meetings & Targeted Outreach
 - Public Meetings Statewide
 - Web-Based input portal
 - Targeted Outreach
- Reporting on Findings of Engagement Process
- Development of Proposed Rules & Guidelines
 - Rule Promulgation
 - Guideline Adoption





REGIONAL WATER COLLABORATION

10:20AM - 11:00AM



Regional Water Planning Organization (RWPO)

Angelina Grey, Office Manager

Regional Water Planning Organization
Northwest New Mexico Council of Governments

Water & Environment Office

Overview of the NWRWPO

Purpose

- Regional program to work closely with state agencies
 - NMED
 - ISC
 - OSE
- Program focus on water resiliency, environmental stewardship, drought contingency and climate change
- Joint Committee selection
 - Water/wastewater planning
 - Project development and prioritization
 - Enhance community involvement and public official engagement

Function 1: Long-Range Planning & Implementation

Task 1 – Coordinate long-range regional water planning.

Task 2 – Create and implement a strategic plan.

- 1) Planning inventory
- 2) Water/Wastewater project listing

Function 2: Data & Mapping

Task 1 – Collect and manage data.

In progress

Task 2 – Assist RWPO members and coordinate with OSE, NMED staff.

Task 3 – Coordinate with other state agency partners.

- NMED
- RCAC

- 1) Data needs
- 2) Water maps

Function 3: Project Development & Monitoring

Task 1 – Assist project applicants and public water systems.

Task 2 – Evaluate and manage preliminary project review and process.

Task 3 – Provide assistance and information to local governments.

Task 4 – Track the progress of statewide Water/Wastewater Improvement Program and consistent communication with OSE, NMED.

- 1) ICIP
- 2) Projecteering Portal Integration

Function 4: Small Systems Support

Task 1 – Coordinate and participate with NMED staff and partners.

Task 2 – Coordinate and participate with the COGs and state agency partners to assist RWPO members and districts.

Task 3 – Monitor development of federal and state laws affecting the water systems and communities.

Task 4 – Attend RWPO Roundtable and special meetings.

Task 5 – Attend state and national conferences, training sessions and/or special meetings.

Task 6 – Participate in miscellaneous water-related programs and special projects.

- 1) Board training for systems
- 2) Asset management training

Function 5: General RWPO Support

Task 1 – Organize and facilitate all RWPO meetings.

Task 2 – Maintain bylaws that clarify and document member entities, roles and responsibilities, including voting/election protocols.

Task 3 – Conduct Outreach Activities.

Task 4 – Maintain a website.

Task 5 – Coordinate training and professional development opportunities for RWPO members.

Deliverables:

1) Water Commons Meetings (2-3)

Function 6: RWPO Administration

Task 1 – Produce work products.

- Templates
- Water Log

Task 2 – Solicit and utilize input from RWPO board members to develop the two-year Regional Work Program.

Task 3 – Develop an annual budget based on the tasks.

Task 4 – Maintain a Public Participation Plan.

Draft

Task 5 – Submit the COG Financial Audit for each State Fiscal Year.

Deliverables:

1) Develop Quarterly Report Template

BREAK 11:00AM – 11:10AM



REGIONAL WATER COLLABORATION

11:10AM - 12:00PM



Rural Communities Assistance Corporation Karen Pereira Tapias

Rural Development Specialist

Northwest New Mexico Utility Authority Jason Sanchez

Receiver for the Yahtahey Water and Sanitation District, Secretary/Treasurer for the Northwest New Mexico Utility Authority

LUNCH 12:00PM – 1:00PM



Water Leadership Institute Laura Dubin

Rural Development Specialist Rural Communities Assistance Corporation

- Ramah Water & Sanitation District
- Catalpa Water Association
- White Cliffs Mutual Domestic Water Users Association
- Gamerco Water & Sanitation District
- Bluewater Water & Sanitation District
- San Rafael Water & Sanitation District





PRESENTATION

1:00PM - 1:45PM

How To Get From Here To There...

James Markham

Southwest Environmental Finance Center

Getting from Here to There

Developing Roadmaps to Compliance and Funding

Thursday, August 31, 2023









What are the Southwest Environmental Finance Center and EFCN?



Heather Himmelberger
Director



Matt Ziegler Tribal Drinking Water Program Director



Dawn Nall
Project Director



Hayley Hajic Project Director



Ryan Magee Program Coordinator



Constanza Kremer Undergraduate Research Assistant





Frank Roth
Project Director



joni palmer Project Director



Tucker Colvin
Research Scientist



James Markham Research Engineer



A.J. Barney Research Engineer



Clayton Rimbert Lead Animator



Mark Ogrentz Research Scientist



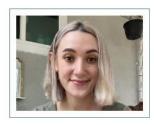
Luke Andrews
Research Scientist



Shannon Pepper Research Scientist



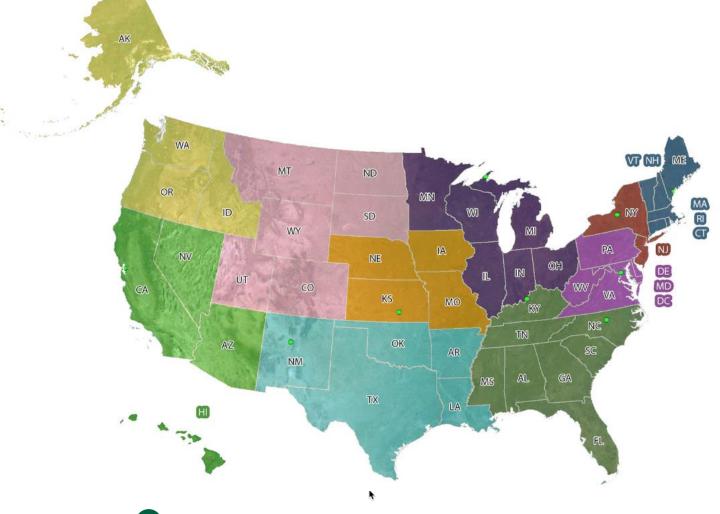
Sandi Blanton Research Scientist



Sami Stroud Communications and Outreach Specialist



Heather Sissons
Program Planning Officer























§32,000

WATER AND WASTEWATER PROFESSIONALS TRAINED





COMMUNITIES AND UTILITIES HAVE RECEIVED DIRECT HELP FROM EFCN

Some Areas of Expertise



Asset Management



Rate Setting and Fiscal Planning



Leadership Through Decisionmaking and Communication



Water Loss Reduction



Energy Management Planning



Accessing Infrastructure Financing Programs



Workforce Development



Water Conservation Finance and Management



Collaborating with Other Water Systems



Resiliency Planning



Managing Drought

We promote **self-reliance** through innovative **training** and **assistance** focused on **actionable results**.







DP #: ##### Pacility Name: Some Village Sewer Plant

Today's Date: ____08/31/2023 This report is due (circle date): Feb 1 May 1 Aug 1 Nov 1 Year: ____2023

Name and phone number of GWQB Reviewer: Avery Young, 505-699-8564, avery.young@env.nm.gov

The following page is provided to assist you in reporting your monitoring data. Retain a copy of all monitoring reports for your records. Keep this original so that copies can be made for future submittals.

Date read	Meter reading	Monthly water use (gal)	Volume of water used for irrigation (gal)	Monthly discharge volumes (gal)	Gallons per day
Apr 30, 2023	15772072	450960	0	450960	15032
May 31, 2023	16673397	901325	0	901325	29075
Jun 30, 2023	17322297	648900	0	648000	21630





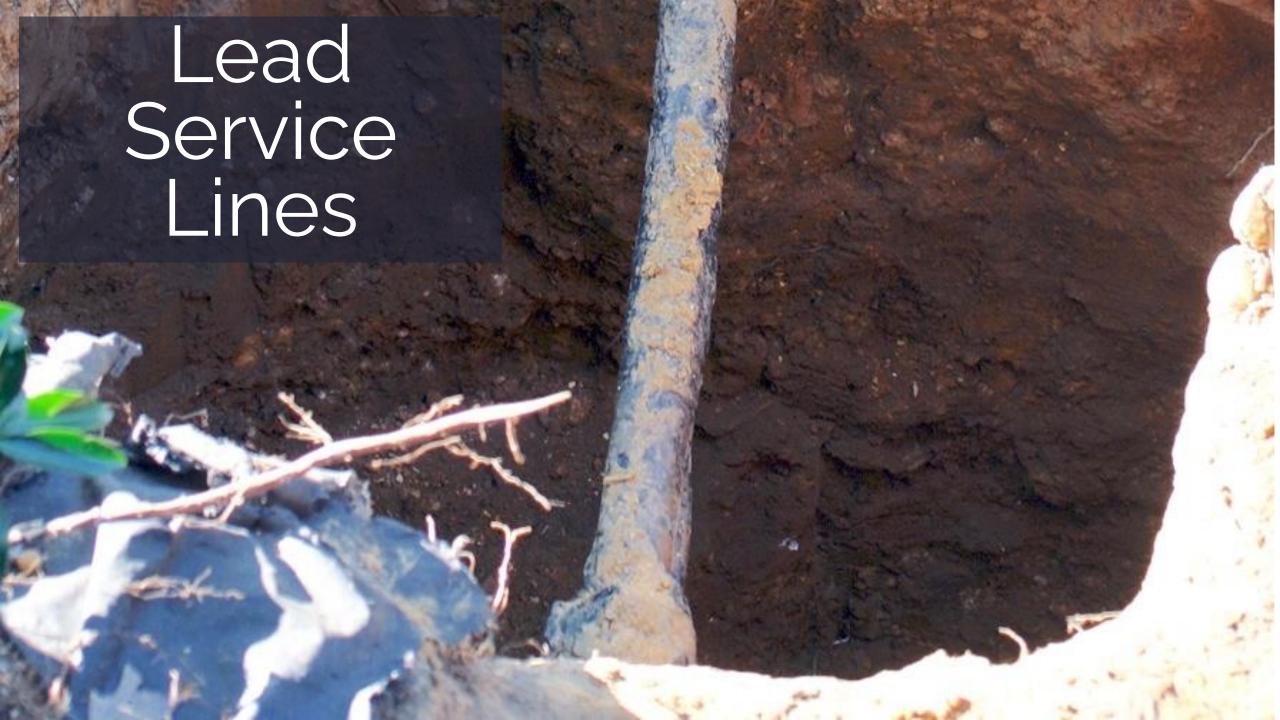
















Utility Challenges:

How are you facing them?





If only it were so easy.

Build a Team



SOUTHWEST ENVIRONMENTAL FINANCE CENTER

















WEWANTYOU





Assess Your Operations

If airlines were run like your utility...



Regulatory Compliance

Who issued your permit(s)?

What is your permit status?

What are your testing requirements?

What are your reporting requirements?

What's your violation status?

Etc.

Nov 1 Year: 2023

ung@env.nm.gov

monitoring reports for your als.

lischarge Gallons gal) per day 15032

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Regulatory Compliance

Do you have SOPs to follow?

Are staff following them?

Do you need assistance drafting SOPs?

Do you and your staff need training?

Etc.

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Gallons

per day

15032

Financial Compliance: Loans & Regs

Who are your lenders?

What is your repayment status?

Do you know what's in the agreements?

What are your reporting requirements?

Are you completing audits as required?

Etc.







Assess Your Affordability



Start New Session

Water Affordability Self Assessment

Introduction • Locations • Assessment

Next

Instructions

Welcome to the Southwest Environmental Finance Center's Water Affordability Self-Assessment. You can use this tool to assess whether your rates are affordable according to several different measures, including median household income, percentage of population at or below the poverty level, and the number of hours at minimum wage needed to pay the bill. You can also use it to do an analysis of which of your customers would be most affected by changes in your rate structure.

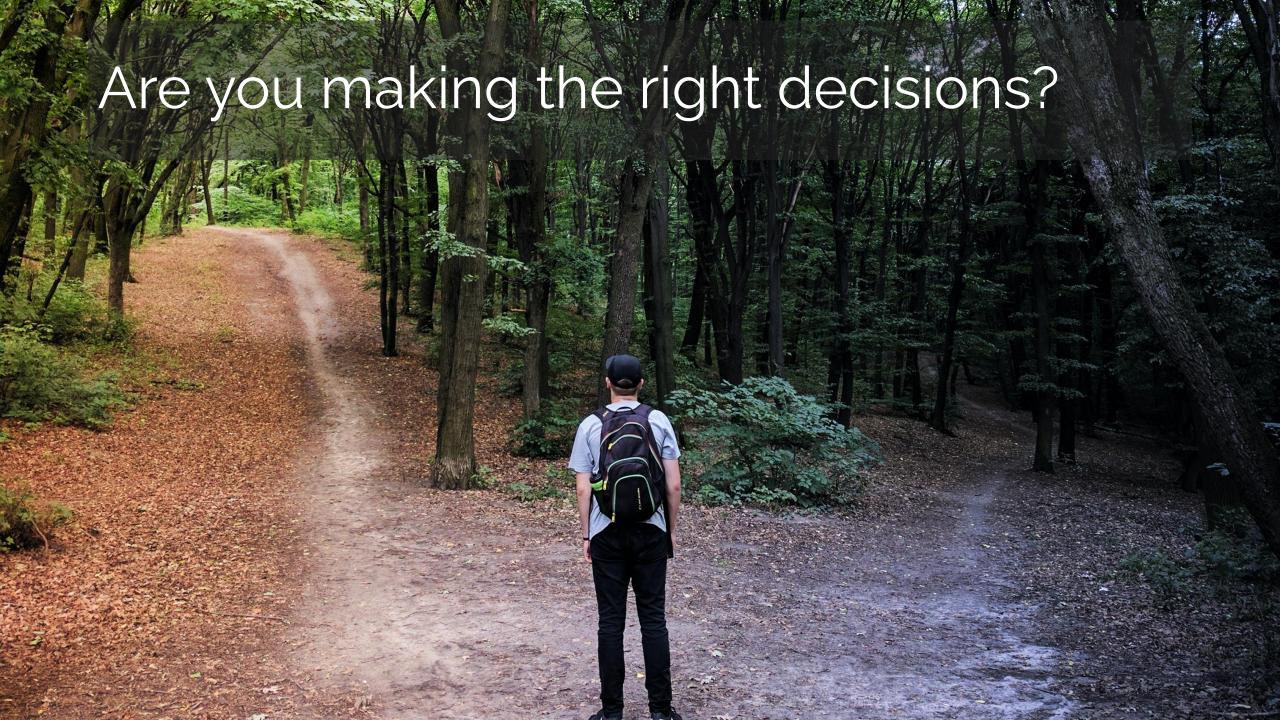
The data used for these comparisons come from the US Census Bureau and is specific for your location(s). You will have an opportunity to select your locations (state, county, city and zip codes) to the level that works best for you.

At any point in your use of this tool, you can leave the tool and the data you entered will be saved for you. When you return using the same browser on the same computer, you can continue your work, unless you clear your browser cache or choose "Start New Session" in the upper right of the page.

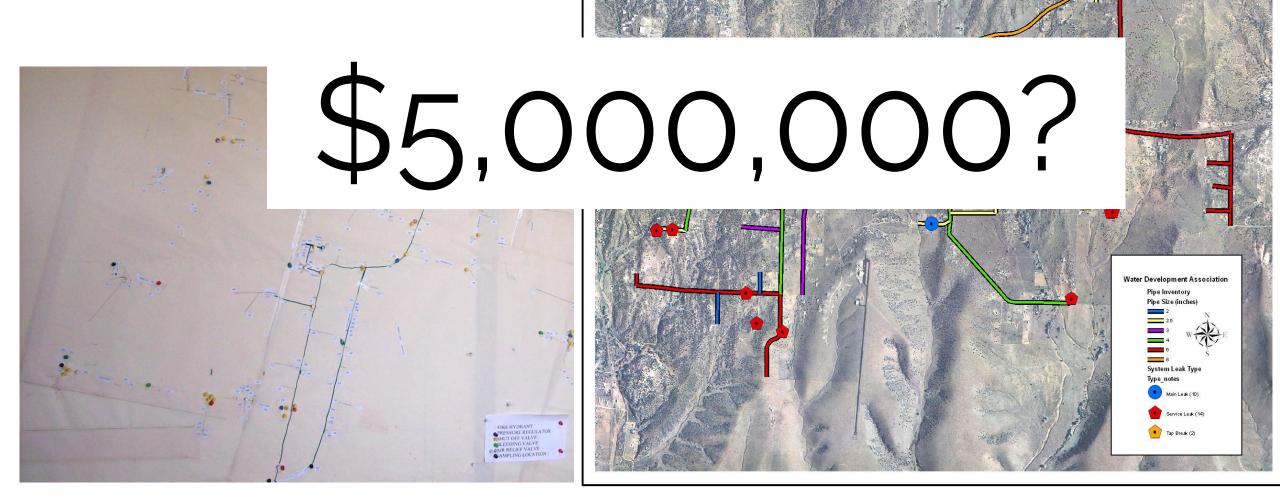
NOTE: This tool uses cookies. If you have disabled cookies in your browser, the tool will not work. If you want to use the tool, please go into your browser and allow cookies.







Assess Your Needs - Example



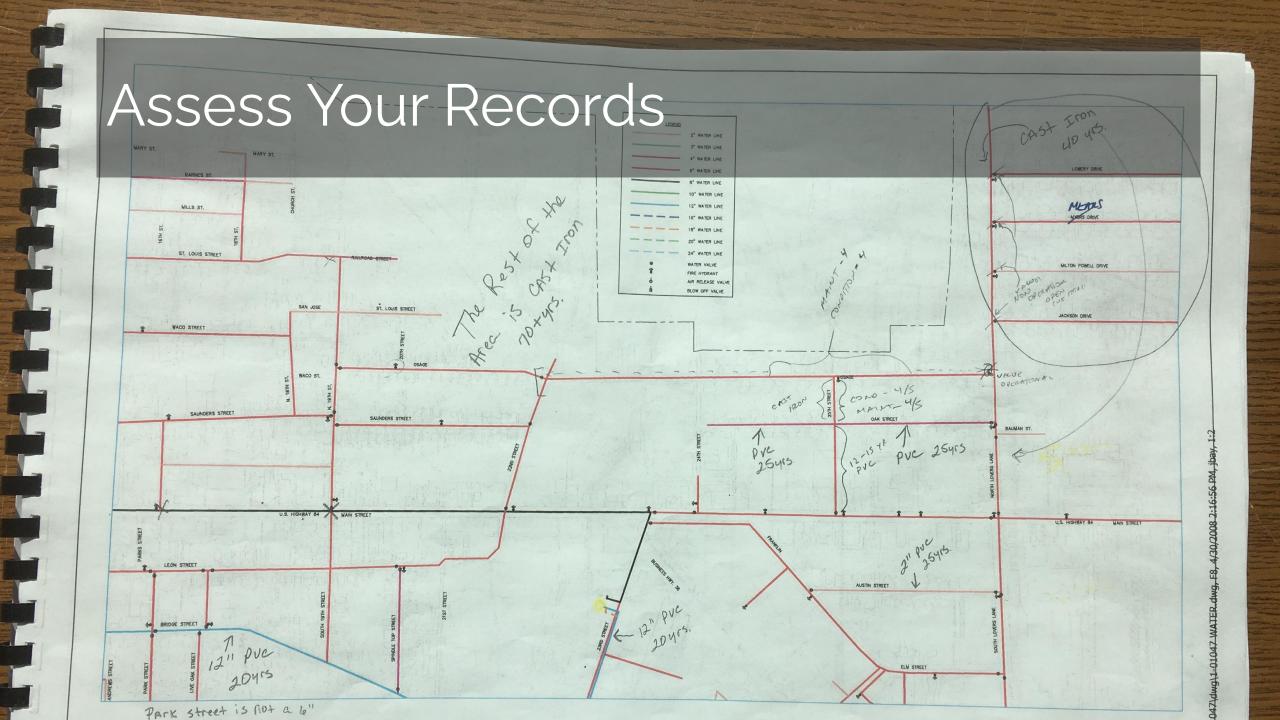
Assess Your Needs - Example

\$4,950,000 Saved

Monetary Benefit: Cost Avoidance Non-Monetary Benefits: Social & Environmental

Assess Your Records

1	WATER & SEWER LEAK CALL LOG								
2	WA/SE	DATE	TIME	ADDRESS	USER	CALLED	NOTES	UPDATES	WORK TICKET#
3	WA	2/9/2016	10:38AM	OLD HILLSIDE NURSING HOME	ВН	RM	FIRE HYDRANT RUNNING	CREW WORKING ON LINE PER RM @ 10:50AM	48674
4	STREET	2/9/2016	11:24AM	1008 PLEASANT	DD	RM	LEAK IN THE STREET	FIXED	48642
5	SE	2/10/2016	10:00AM	400 FINNIMORE	ВН	RM	SEWER BACKED UP AT STREET	UNCLOGGED	48683
6	WA	2/10/2016	10:00AM	3502 RIVER ROAD	ВН	RM	A CAR HIT THE FIRE HYDRANT	FIXED DA/CN 2-22-16	48644
7	WA	2/10/2016	10:00AM	CORNER OR 22ND AND WACO	BH	RM	LEAK FILLING UP CULVERT		
8	SE	2/10/2016	10:36AM	2015 WACO STREET	DD	RM	RAW SEWER SHOOTING UP IN AIR FROM CLEAN OUT	UNCLOGGED	48684
9	WA	2/10/2016	3:15PM	1105 S LOVERS LANE	ВН	RM	METER LEAK	FIXED	48647
10	WA	2/10/2016	3:30PM	206 FIELDSTONE	DD	RM	LEAK-METER WAS RUN OVER BROKE CUTOFF	FIXED	48648
11	WA	2/10/2016	3:32PM	119 N 28 ST	ВН	RM	LEAK @ METER	FIXD	48649
12	WA	2/10/2016	3:57PM	119 N 28 ST	ВН	RM	CUSTOMER CALLED AGAIN AND SAID METER LEAK WAS VERY LARGE. CALLED RODNEY TO LET HIM KNOW	FIXED	48649
13	WA	2/11/2016	9:00AM	28TH AND MEARS	вн	RM	WATER SHOOTING OUT OF MANHOLE	FIXED	48687
14	WA	2/11/2016	9:00AM	BLESSINGS BUILDING	ВН	RM	WATER LEAK BEHIND BUILDING	FIXED	48671
	100					8	CALLED LAST NIGHT AT 8 AND THEY	The state of the s	*



The Team Can Help Assess Solutions

What assistance is needed?

Which team members have the tools?

Which team members have capacity?





Ground Water Quality Bureau - Monitoring Report

DP #: #####	Facility Name: Some Village Sewer Plant
21 11.	

Today's Date: ____08/31/2023 This report is due (circle date): Feb 1 May 1 Aug 1 Nov 1 Year: ____2023

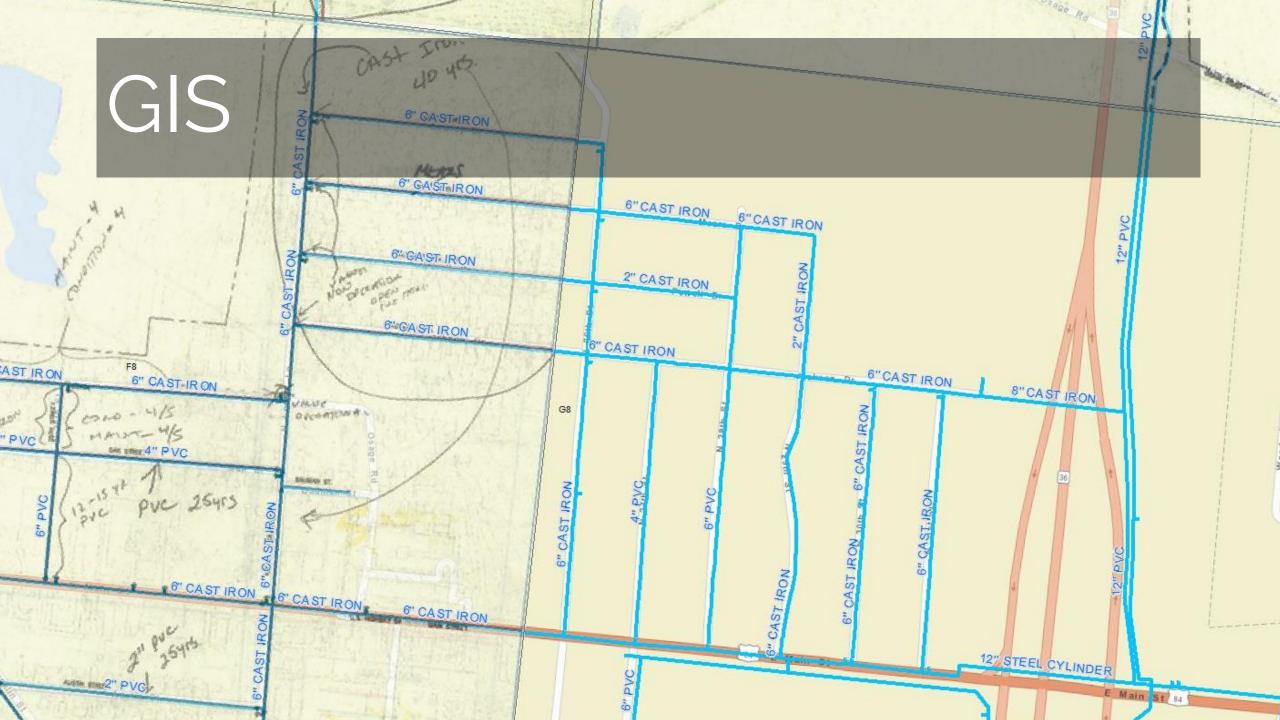
Name and phone number of GWQB Reviewer: Avery Young, 505-699-8564, avery.young@env.nm.gov

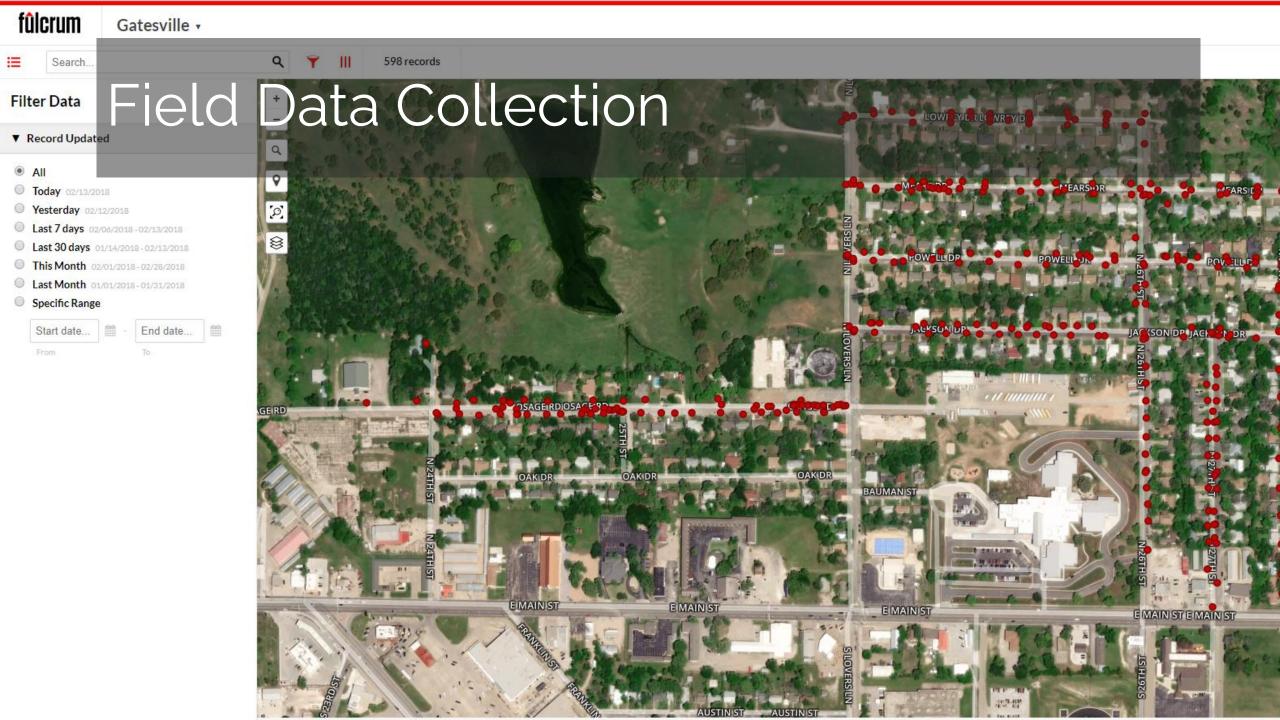
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Influent Meter readings Meter units (and multiplying factor): _______

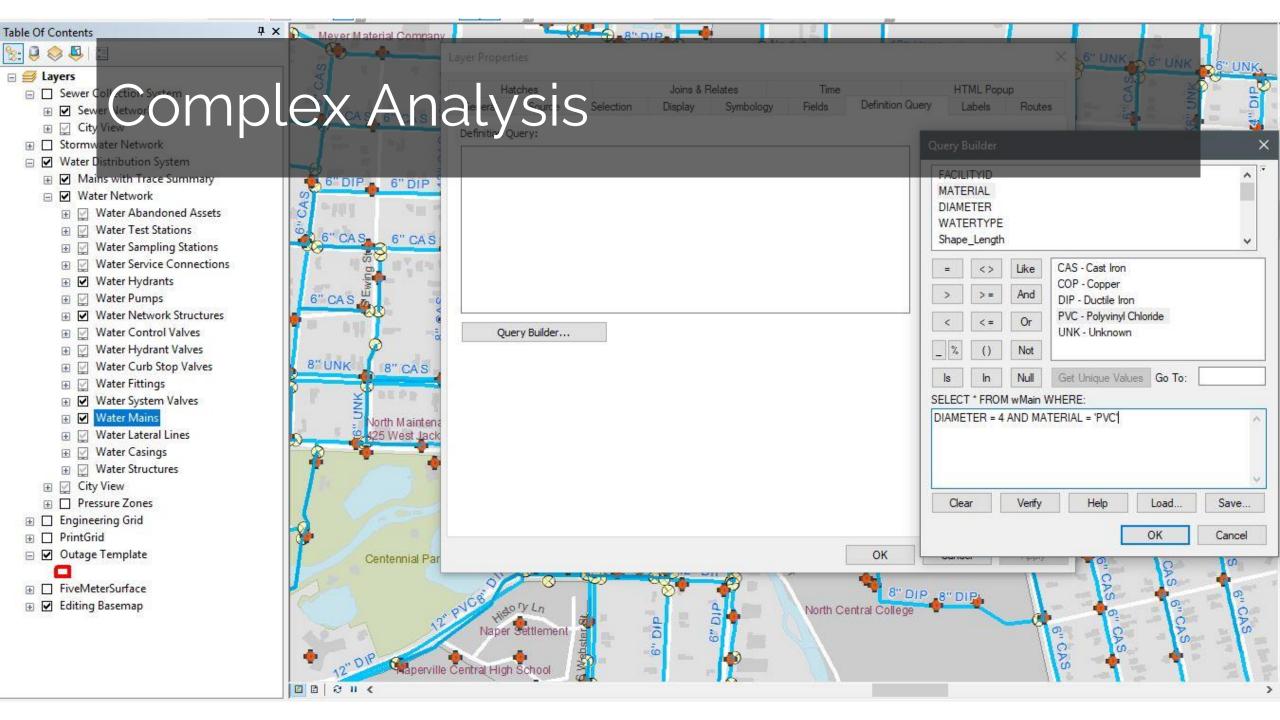
Please fill in the first line with the previous reading for ease of calculation

Date read	Meter reading	Monthly water	Volume of water used	Monthly discharge	Gallons
		use (gal)	for irrigation (gal)	volumes (gal)	per day
Apr 30, 2023	15772072	450960	0	450960	15032
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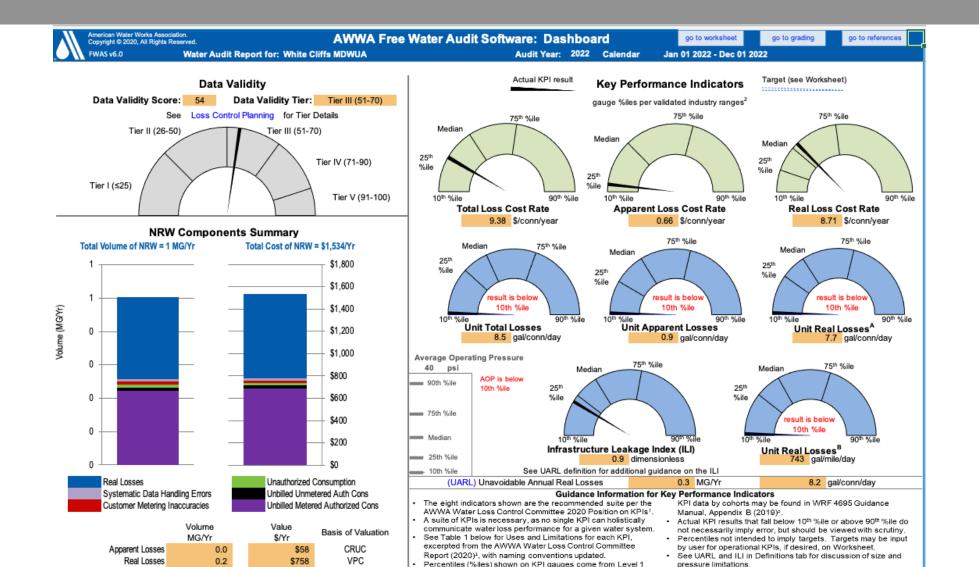








Water Audits

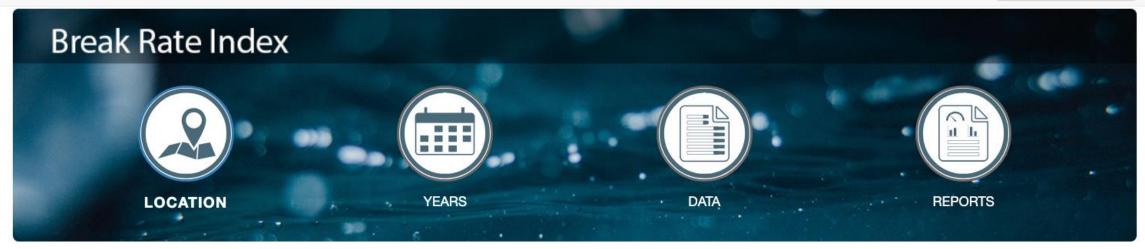


Pipe Break Analysis



Southwest Environmental Finance Center

Start New Session



Introduction

This Break Rate Analysis Tool was developed by the Southwest Environmental Finance Center (SW EFC) to compare annual main breaks from your system to the US/Canadian average break rates for 7 pipe materials published by Dr. Steven Folkman in 2012 and 2018. These studies clearly demonstrate that the average failure rates for different pipe materials vary dramatically, from a low of 2.6 failures/100 miles/year for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) to a high of 34.8 failures/100 miles/year for cast iron (CI) in the most recent study.

This tool uses data you provide about the material makeup of your system and the number of breaks by material to calculate a theoretical, weighted-average break rate for your system based on the study averages – in other words, the break rate for your system if all of the pipe materials were breaking at the US/Canadian averages.

Asset Management



Southwest EFC Home Resources Switchboards v

Asset Management Switchboard

The Southwest Environmental Finance Center has partnered with EPA to create a repository of documentation and tools related to Asset Management.

Whether you are <u>new to the Asset Management process</u> or just need a refresher on a specific topic, the resource you are looking for is probably here. If you're unable to find what you're looking for, reach out and tell us about it.

If you would like to contribute by having a resource added to the repository, please email the Southwest Environmental Finance Center (by clicking on the link below) and tell us about it. We welcome your feedback and strive to serve your utility and water systems at large.

This is a collection of Asset Management Resources from a variety of sources. Some of them are from the SW EFC, many are not.

→ Email SW EFC

⊕ Phone (505) 277-0644



Rate Setting & Affordability



Tool developed by the Environmental Finance Center at the University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill

> Begin data inputs

Water & Wastewater Residential Rates Affordability Assessment Tool

Interactive Spreadsheet Tool

Version 1.9 (June 14th, 2021)

This tool allows users to enter relevant Census data on their service community to help assess the affordability of their water or wastewater rates on their residential customers. The tool also allows for a new rate structure to be entered to see how affordability compares from one rate structure to the next.

In the "Inputs" worksheet, fill in all yellow-colored cells.

Data Inputs

1) Utility Information

Name of the utility:

Select the state, District of Columbia, or Puerto Rico from the dropdown menu:





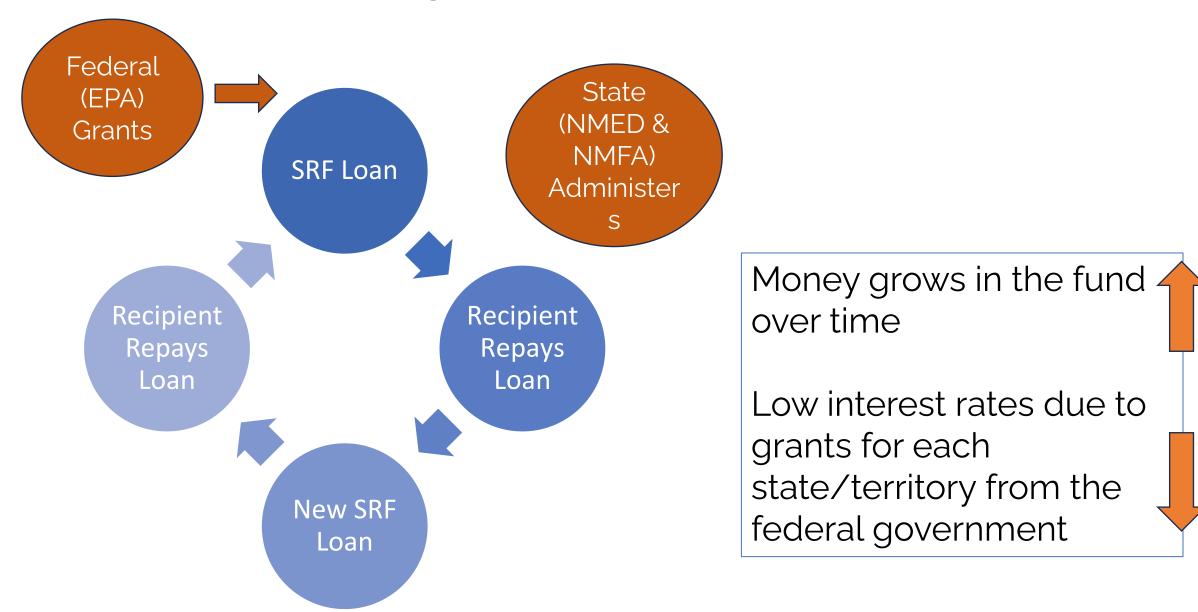
Commit Time to Deliverables







The SRF programs are like water infrastructure banks



New Mexico SRF Programs:

Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF)

- NMED Construction Programs Bureau (CPB) administers
- Funds wastewater, stormwater, and pollution/water quality related projects
- Addresses water quality

Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund (CWSRLF)

- NMED and NM Finance Authority administer
- Funds drinking water projects
- Addresses public health

Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)



SRF programs distribute the money

Makes SRF more accessible to small & disadvantaged systems/communities

Priority to lead service line replacement and "emerging contaminants"

What can you use SRF funds for?













Generally, Construction: New & Rehabilitated Assets











CWSRF: Non-point source projects

Why should I go for SRF funding?

LOTS of federal \$ coming in to NM through SRFs

\$ and assistance for small, disadvantaged communities/systems

New \$ for LSL & Emerging Contaminants

VERY low interest rates (0-1.0%)

Grants (principal forgiveness) available

TA providers like us are here to help with the whole process

Compliance Issues?

SRFs want to help

GROUNDWATER PERMIT COMPLIANCE

50 POINTS POSSIBLE

Project addresses on-going violations of a ground water Discharge Permit or					
the WQCC Regulations for which NMED has issued a:					
Administrative Compliance Order	50 points				
Notice of Violation	30 points				
Notice of Non-compliance	20 points				
 Project is designed to meet permit requirements or project is 					
undertaken voluntarily by entity, but will result in greater ground	15 points				
water protection					
Project does not address compliance issue	0 points				

SURFACE WATER PERMIT COMPLIANCE

50 POINTS POSSIBLE

Project addresses an enforcement action by a regulatory agency and the facility is currently in significant non-compliance.	50 points
Project addresses a facility's voluntary efforts to resolve a possible violation and will mitigate the issuance of a Consent Order, Notice of Violation, or other enforcement action.	30 points
Project is designed to maintain permit compliance, meet new permit effluent limits, or provide a degree of treatment beyond permit requirements.	15 points
Project does not address compliance issue.	0 points

CWSRF: Do you qualify as disadvantaged?

Affordability Criteria Categories:

- Income
- Population or population trends
- Unemployment

More info on NMED website:

https://www.env.nm.gov/fundingopportunities







Technical Assistance

SW EFC & Others

There are MANY sources of help



















What do we include in TA?

Training – in person and virtual

Resources – Tools & Guidance

Resources – Multi-Media

Direct In Person Assistance to Water/WW entities Virtual
Assistance to
Water/WW
entities

CONTACT INFORMATION



email: swefc@unm.edu

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NMED PARTNER PRESENTATIONS

1:45PM - 2:30PM

Discharge Permits

Avery Young, Domestic Waste Team Groundwater Quality Bureau

New Mexico Environment Department



GROUND WATER DISCHARGE PERMITS

Avery Young

Domestic Waste Team Lead

New Mexico Environment Department

Contact Information

New Mexico Environment Department Ground Water Quality Bureau

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Ground Water Quality Bureau

Mission Statement:

Our mission is to preserve, protect, and improve New Mexico's ground water quality for present and future generations



Presentation Outline

- Regulatory framework
- Regulatory authority
- Legal/institutional basis for discharge permits
- Types of discharge permits
- Permitting process
- Different parts of a permit
- Questions



Regulatory Framework

The New Mexico Water Quality Act (WQA), §§ 74-6-1 through 17 NMSA 1978, was created for the protection of surface and ground water quality, resulting in:

- Creation of a Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC)
- Adoption of the WQCC Regulations (20.6.2 NMAC)
 in 1977
- Establishment of Ground Water and Surface Water Standards
- (OCD for Oil and Gas related Operations)

Regulatory Authority

The WQCC Regulations provide for the protection of New Mexico's groundwater (10,000 mg/L TDS or less), and has authority to:

- Require Discharge Permits (DP) for discharges which may impact groundwater quality.
- Ensure compliance with WQCC Regulations and Discharge Permits.
- Require abatement plans in the event of groundwater contamination.



Regulatory Authority

 Ground Water Quality Standards for common contaminants in domestic discharges:

■ Nitrate-Nitrogen (NO₃-N) 10 mg/L

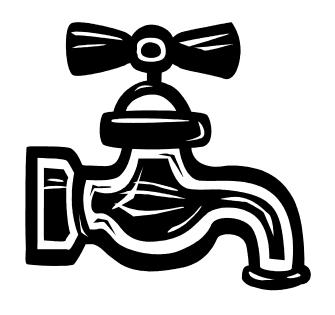
□ Chloride (CI) 250 mg/L

■ Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) 1,000 mg/L

- Of these contaminants, nitrate is of particular concern because it has the potential to impact human health.
- Other groundwater quality standards can be found in Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC.



Why protect groundwater quality?



Approximately what % of public water supplies and private water systems in New Mexico rely on groundwater?

□ 25%

□ 50%

√ 75%



What contaminant most frequently exceeds groundwater standards in New Mexico?

- □ TCE
- ✓ Nitrate
- □ Radon
- □ Perchlorate
- □ Benzene



Nitrate

- Nitrate can be converted to nitrite, which replaces oxygen in the bloodstream.
- Methemoglobinemia occurs when the ability of red blood cells to carry oxygen throughout the body is diminished.
- Infants are at greatest risk of developing methemoglobinemia or "blue-baby syndrome" from excessive intake of nitrate.



Which Permit is Which?

Discharge Permit

- Groundwater
- NM Water Quality Act
- GWQB

NPDES Permit

- Surface water
- US Clean Water Act
- EPA & SWQB

You may need both. Many facilities that have a NPDES permit also need DP, and their requirements differ.



Who Needs a Discharge Permit?

Anyone discharging wastewater or other contaminants that could potentially impact groundwater (e.g., land application, impoundments, leachfields, sub-surface irrigation).

- Industrial Permits
- Domestic Permits
- Underground Injection Control General Permits



Industrial Discharge Permits

Any discharge quantity-



- Manufacturing plants
- □ Power plants
- Hydrocarbon landfarms
- □ Remediation
- □ Septage disposal
- □ Car washes
- □ Breweries



Domestic Discharge Permits

Greater than 5,000 gpd



- Municipal treatment plants
- Mobile home/RV parks
- □ Sludge disposal
- □ Schools
- □ Campgrounds
- □ Subdivisions



UIC General Permits

Class V UIC injection wells -



- Hydrocarbon remediation
- □ In-Situbioremediation
- Must be overseenby anotherregulatory agency
- Injection of amendments



Discharging to a Leachfield >5,000 gpd?









Discharging Treated Wastewater by Irrigation?









Discharging to an Impoundment?









Discharging Sludge?









Discharging to a Stream?

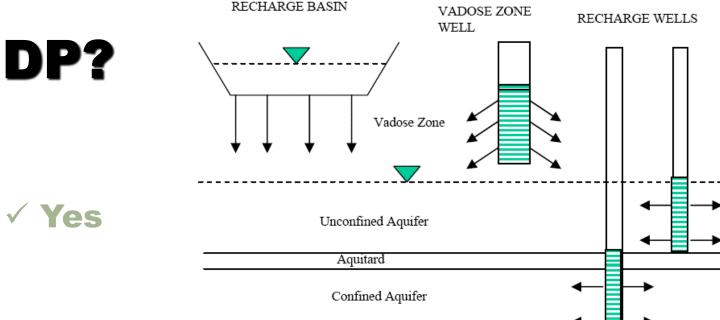








Injecting water into an aquifer for later recovery?







Discharge Permitting Process

Unsure if You Need a Discharge Permit?

Submit a Notice of Intent to Discharge (NOI)

(2			For Department use Onl
	PARENT DIFFE		Agency Interest Number PRD Assigned
1.	Name and ma	iling address of person proposing to dis	charge (Responsible Person):
_			Work Phone:
_			Cell/Home Phone:
_			Fax:
_			Email:
2.	Name and Po	sition of person Completing Form:	
_			Work Phone:
			Cell/Home Phone:
			Fax:
			Email:
3.	Name of facil	ity:	
4.	Physical loca from closest	tion of the discharge (if applicable, give town or landmark, directions to facility, k	street address, township, range, section, distance scation map):
4.	from closest	town or landmark, directions to facility, l	street address, township, range, section, distance scation map): ultural facility, domestic wastewater discharge,
_	Type of operaindustrial	town or landmark, directions to facility, ke to the discharge (e.g., agrid discharge, mining operation, etc.):	scation map): fulltural facility, domestic wastewater discharge,
5. 6.	Type of operaindustrial Source(s) of disposed at y	town or landmark, directions to facility, is to facility, is to facility, it discharge (e.g., agric discharge, mining operation, etc.): the discharge. Describe how the wastews our facility are generated, identify all so taminants in the discharge (e.g., nitrate-	cation map): ultural facility, domestic wastewater discharge, ter, sludge, or other discharges processed and/o rees. Attach additional pages if needed:
5. 6.	Type of operaindustrial Source(s) of disposed at y	town or landmark, directions to facility, is to facility, is to facility, it discharge (e.g., agric discharge, mining operation, etc.): the discharge. Describe how the wastews our facility are generated, identify all so taminants in the discharge (e.g., nitrate-	ultural facility, domestic wastewater discharge, ter, sludge, or other discharges processed and/o rces. Attach additional pages if needed:

B. Describe all components of wastewaster processing, treatment, storage, and disposal streatment units, impoundments(p), septic tank/leachfield, etc.), include sizes, site layou specifications, etc. if available: B. Estimated maximum daily discharge volume in gallons per day. Provide water usage resizing criteria if available: 10. Estimated depth to ground water (ft):	Quality Bureau nt to Discharge artment use Only: Number
sizing criteria if available: 10. Estimated depth to ground water (ft):	ystem (e.g., pre- ut map, plans, and
11. Current Total Dissolved Solids Concentration in Groundwater	ecords or system
Date:	
Printed name: Title:	
Certification by Responsible Person	
NMED Ground Water Quality Bureau Telephone: 505-82 P.O. Box 5489 Fax: 505-81	ge and professional
	121-2000
lune 30, 2016 Page 2 of 2 Ground Water C	cancensor

Discharge Permit Application



NEW MEXICO ENVIRONMENT DEPARTMENT GROUND WATER QUALITY BUREAU

GROUND WATER DISCHARGE PERMIT APPLICATION



Instructions for completing the application are included in the form itself and in the Supplemental Instructions found at the back of the application. You may fill out the application manually, or a Microsoft Word version may be downloaded from <u>www.erm.may.or</u> (Ground Water Quality) and filled out electronically. Timely processing of this application is contingent upon the technical completeness of the submission. Fathure to provide all of the information pursuant to Section 20.6.2.3106 NMAC, following notice of technical deficiency, may result in denial of the application.

Send two complete paper copies AND one electronic copy of this application,

with the filing fee to:

Program Manager

Ground Water Pollution Prevention Section New Mexico Environment Department P.O. Box 5469 Santa Fe, NM 87502

Introduction

Facility Name:	GWOB - Date of Receipt (Department use only)
For Existing Discharge Permits:	
DP Number:	
Expiration Date:	
Type of Discharge (check one):	
Domestic	
Industrial	
Agricultural	
Mining	
Type of Application (check appropriate box)	
New – new facility	
New - existing (unpermitted) facility	
Renewal only	
Modification only "modification" includes a change in the <u>location</u> of a disch the discharge, and/or a change in the quality of the dischar	
Renewal and Modification	
Georard Water Discharge Permit Application Form Version 1.0, August 1, 2015	Page 1 of 2

	e in the location of a discharge, and/or an increase in the quantity of the discharge, and/or a change quality of the discharge.
All ag	Included with Application plicatas are required to submit a \$100 Application Filing Fee. An additional fee will be assessed to permit issuance. Permit fees are listed in section 20.6.2.3114 NMAC. Make checks payable to:
Appli The fo	D-Ground Water Quality Bureau ication Checklist Slowing checklist has been provided to assist in ensuring that the application is complete prior to ssion (check filt that apply):
3,000	Part I. Administrative Completeness \$100 Application Filing Fee A. General Information B. Public Notice Information C. Public Notice Preparation
	Part II. Technical Completeness A. Dischurge Volume and Description B. Identification and Physical Description of Facility C. Flow Metering D. Ground Water Monitoring E. Engineering and Surveying (electronic copies) F. Land Application Area
	Part IV. Electronic (PDF) format of Maps and Logs is required (additional paper copies of maps and logs are optional and may be requested by the Department if required for review) A. Surface Soil Survey and Vadose Zone Geology B. Location Map C. Flood Zone Map



Discharge Permit Application Types

- □ New
 - No DP associated with the site
- Renewal only
 - Existing DP that will soon expire
 - No changes occurred or planned
- Renewal and Modification
 - Existing DP that will soon expire
 - Changes have occurred or are planned
- Modification only
 - Existing DP
 - Changes have occurred or are planned
- UIC General Permit
 - Underground Injection Control activities only



Modifications

- A modification is a change in quality, quantity, or location of discharge.
- NMED reserves the right to require a permit modification if NMED determines that the requirements of Section 20.6.2 NMAC or the standards of Section 20.6.2.3103 NMAC are being or may be violated.
- A Discharge Permit can be modified during the 5 year term period.
- All applications for modification must go through the entire permitting and public notice processes.
- NMED may require more restrictive conditions than what is proposed in the application.

Public Notice 1 (PN-1)

- New, Renewal/Modification and Modification
 - 2'x3' synopsis sign at discharge location
 - Post flyer at offsite location
 - Mail flyer to property owners within 1/3 mile
 - Mail flyer to discharge site property owner
 - Publish synopsis in local paper
- Renewal only
 - Mail flyer to discharge site property owner
 - Publish synopsis in local paper
- All PN-1 Affidavit Submission by permittee



Public Notice 2 (PN-2)

- In some cases a Preliminary Draft is provided to the permittee for review and comments
- NMED notifies the public and interested parties of the availability of a Draft Permit
- 30 Day comment period allowing for public comment and request for hearing
- Once completed the permit will either be issued or follow the public hearing process



Discharge Permit Approval

- □ Discharge Permits are issued for a 5-year term.
- Permit conditions may require installations or submissions be completed by a certain date



Permit Format

- Introduction
- Findings
- Authorization to Discharge
- Conditions
 - Operational Plan
 - Monitoring, Reporting, and Other Requirements
 - Contingency Plan
 - Closure Plan
- General Terms and Conditions



Operational Plan

Operational Plan

Description of how the facility will operate to protect groundwater quality and human health and to prevent contamination; typically includes:

- Wastewater treatment and/or storage.
- Storm water collection and management.
- Land application of wastewater, proper disposal.
- Public access limitations, such as fencing and signs.



Operational Responsibilities

- Locate, read and maintain a copy of the Discharge Permit (DP)
- Learn correct procedures for collecting samples & sample accordingly
- Properly operate your treatment system
- Maintain records
- Submit monitoring reports complete and on time
- Report all spills
- Notify the GWQB of any changes





Operational Responsibilities

Impoundment Maintenance

- Monthly inspections of berms and liner
- Maintain 2feet offreeboard





Operational Responsibilities

Fencing

Prevents access
by children or
dogs (e.g., chain
link, field/ woven
fencing) and
maintained
throughout the
term of the DP





Operational Responsibilities

Post Signs

Signs indicating:

- The type of facility
- The water is not potable
- Emergency contact information



Operational Responsibilities

Solids Management

Examples Include:

- Impoundments measure sludge depth
- Mechanical plants process control testing
- Proper disposal



Monitoring and Reporting

And other requirements

Monitoring, Reporting & Other Req.

Describes what the facility will monitor to ensure groundwater quality protection or identify potential threats or contamination. Sampling and analysis activities to ensure that the wastewater practices are achieving expected results, typically include:

- Preparing and submitting monitoring reports on a routine basis.
- Measuring and recording wastewater flows.
- Measuring wastewater applied to land application fields or disposal areas.
- Tracking nitrogen loading for fields or disposal areas.
- Installing and routinely sampling monitoring wells.
- Routine sampling of wastewater.
- Conducting routine inspections of wastewater system components.



Monitoring, Reporting & Other Req.

- Discharge Volumes
- WastewaterSampling
- □ Land Application
- Ground WaterSampling
- □ Record Keeping





Discharge Volumes - Monitoring

Flow Meters





Discharge Volumes - Reporting

	New Mex	ico Environment I	Department	A-2 Monthly Discharge Volumes (Totalizing Flow Meter)			
	Ground V	Vater Quality Bure	eau				
Facility Name:	Melanie'	s Resort and Spa	3	Flow meter type:			
DP #:	4555			Frow meter type.			
Reporting Period:	from	1/1/22	6/30/22	Flow meter units: gallons			
		(mo/yr)	(mo/yr)	(e.g., gallons, acre-feet, hundreds of gallons, etc.)			
Permit Requirement	: Submit Month	ly Discharge Volumes					
Month	Date	Meter Reading		Monthly Discharge Volumes			
January	1/31/08	98,884,1	113	750,000			
February	2/28/08	99,659,1	113	775,000			
March	3/31/08	100,384,	113	725,000			
April	4/30/08	101,184,	113	800,000			
May	5/30/08	101,994,113		810,000			
June	6/30/08	102,849,	113				
July							
August							



Monitoring, Reporting & Other Req.

- □ Discharge Volumes
- Wastewater Sampling
- □ Land Application
- Ground WaterSampling
- □ Record Keeping





Wastewater Sampling - Effluent

Contaminants of Concern

What's your effluent limit?

	Ground Water Standard
Nitrate-N	10 mg/l
TKN	None
TDS	1,000 mg/l
Chloride	250 mg/l

Reuse Sampling

Guidance for Above Ground Use of Reclaimed Domestic Wastewater

- □ Effective as of August 2003 and updated January 2007
- □ Reuse Classes based on Quality and Use
- □ Purpose
 - ✓ Protect public health
 - ✓ Preserve potable water supplies



Reuse Sampling – Reuse Quality

- •Total Nitrogen (TKN + NO_3 -N)
- •BOD₅
- TSS
- Fecal Coliform or E. coli
- TRC/UV transmissivity



Reuse Sampling – Classes by Use

Table 1. Approved Uses for Reclaimed Wastewater by Class

Class of Reclaimed Wastewater	Approved Uses						
	All Class 1 uses. No setback limit to dwelling unit or occupied establishment.						
Class 1A	Backfill around potable water pipes						
	Irrigation of food crops ¹						
	Impoundments (recreational or ornamental)						
	Irrigation of parks, school yards, golf courses ²						
	Irrigation of urban landscaping ²						
Class 1B	Snow making						
	Street cleaning						
	Toilet flushing						
	Backfill around non-potable piping						
	Concrete mixing						
	Dust control						
	Irrigation of fodder, fiber, and seed crops for milk-producing animals						
Class 2	Irrigation of roadway median landscapes						
	Irrigation of sod farms						
	Livestock watering						
	Soil compaction						
Class 3	Irrigation of fodder, fiber, and seed crops for non-milk-producing animals						
Class 3	Irrigation of forest trees (silviculture)						



Reuse Sampling – Class 1A

Table 2. Wastewater Quality Requirements and Monitoring Frequencies by Class of Reclaimed Wastewater

Class of Wastewater Reclaimed Quality Wastewater Parameter	A STATE OF THE STA	Wastewater Quality Requirements		Wastewater Monitoring Requirements			
	30-Day Average	Maximum	Sample Type	Measurement Frequency			
	BOD ₅	10 mg/l 15 mg/l		Minimum of 6-hour composite	3 tests per week for major WWTP ¹ ; 1 test per 2 weeks for minor WWTP		
	Turbidity	3 NTU	5 NTU	Continuous	Continuous		
	Fecal Coliform	5 per 100 ml	23 per 100 ml	Grab sample at peak flow	3 tests per week for major WWTP; 1 test per week for minor WWTP		
	TRC or UV Transmissivity	Monitor Only	Monitor Only	Grab sample or reading at peak flow	Record values at peak hourly flow when Fecal Coliform samples are collected		



Reuse Sampling – Class 1B

Table 2. Wastewater Quality Requirements and Monitoring Frequencies by Class of Reclaimed Wastewater

Class of Wastewater Reclaimed Quality Wastewater Parameter		Wastewater Quality Requirements		Wastewater Monitoring Requirements			
	100 m	30-Day Average	Maximum	Sample Type	Measurement Frequency		
	BOD ₅ 30 mg/l 45 mg/l		45 mg/l	Minimum of 6-hour composite	3 tests per week for major WWTP ¹ ; 1 test per 2 weeks for minor WWTP		
	TSS	30 mg/l	45 mg/l	Minimum of 6-hour composite	3 tests per week for major WWTP ¹ ; 1 test per 2 weeks for minor WWTP		
Class 1B	Fecal Coliform	100 organisms per 100 ml	200 organisms per 100 ml	Grab sample at peak flow	3 tests per week for major WWTP; 1 test per week for minor WWTP		
	TRC or UV Transmissivity	Monitor Only	Monitor Only	Grab sample or reading at peak flow	Record values at peak hourly flow when Fecal Coliform samples are collected		



Reuse Sampling – Class 2

Reclaimed Qu	Wastewater	Wastewater Quality Requirements		Wastewater Monitoring Requirements			
	Quality Parameter	30-Day Average	Maximum	Sample Type	Measurement Frequency		
	BOD ₅ 30 mg/l 45 mg/l		Minimum of 6-hour composite for major WWTP; Grab sample for minor WWTP	1 test per week for major WWTP; 1 test per month for minor WWTP			
Class 2	TSS	TSS 30 mg/l		Minimum of 6-hour composite for major WWTP; Grab sample for minor WWTP	1 test per week for major WWTP; 1 test per month for minor WWTP		
T	Fecal Coliform	200 organisms per 100 ml	400 organisms per 100 ml	Grab sample at peak hourly flow	1 test per week for major WWTP; 1 test per month for minor WWTP		
	TRC or UV Transmissivity	Monitor Only	Monitor Only	Grab sample or reading at peak hourly flow	Record values at peak hourly flow when Fecal Coliform samples are collected		



Reuse Sampling – Class 3

Reclaimed	Wastewater	Wastewater Quality Requirements		Wastewater Monitoring Requirements			
	Quality Parameter	30-Day Average	Maximum	Sample Type	Measurement Frequency		
	BOD ₅ 30 mg/l 45 mg/l		Minimum of 3-hour composite for major WWTP ⁵ ; Grab sample for minor WWTP	1 test per week for major WWTP; 1 test per month for minor WWTP			
Class 3	TSS 75 mg/l 90 mg/l		90 mg/l	Minimum of 3-hour composite for major WWTP; Grab sample for minor WWTP	1 test per week for major WWTP; 1 test per month for minor WWTP		
Class 5	Fecal Coliform	1,000 organisms per 100 ml	5,000 organisms per 100 ml	Grab sample at peak hourly flow	1 test per week for major WWTP; 1 test per month for minor WWTP		
	TRC or UV Transmissivity	Monitor Only	Monitor Only	Grab sample or reading at peak hourly flow	Record values at peak hourly flow when Fecal Coliform samples are collected		



Monitoring, Reporting & Other Req.

- □ Discharge Volumes
- WastewaterSampling
- Land Application
- Ground WaterSampling
- □ Record Keeping





Land Application

- NMED Guidance for the Above Ground Use of Reclaimed Domestic Wastewater
- □ Nitrogen Loading Restriction:
 - 125% of crop uptake, or
 - **□** 200 lb/ac/12 months
- Land Application Data Sheets
- □ Fertilizer Logs
- □ Surface Disposal Data Sheets



What you will need:

Month	Monthly Discharge V	olumes			
January	750,000				
February	775,000				
March	725,000				
April	800,000	Sampling	Sampling	TKN	NO ₃ -N
May	810,000	Point	Date	mg/l	mg/l
June	855,000	Lagoon	1/15/08	8.5	8.6
		Lagoon	1/16/08	6.1	9.2
		Lagoon	1/17/08	11.2	10.8



New Mexico Environment Departmen

Ground	l Water Quality	Bureau			Lan		lated: June 27, 2002
DP#: 55	55			FACILITY NAME:	Melanie'	s Resort & S	Spa
FIELD#: pai	rks	ACRES: 3.	5.0	REPORT PERIOD	- FROM: 1-Ja	n-08 /day/yr) TO:	30-Jun-08 (month/day/yr)
CROP: tu	<u>rf</u>	YIELD:		NITROŒN UPT.	AKE OF CROP(1):		
WASTE TYPE	DATE/MONTH OF APPLICATION	A VOLUME OF EFFLUENT APPLIED ⁽²⁾ ac ft	B LAB RESULTS ⁽³⁾ (TKN + NO3) mg/l	C NITROGEN CONCENTRATIO (B x 2.719) lbs/ac ft	D TOTAL NITROGEN (A x C) lbs N	E NITROGEN APPLIED (D/acres) lbs N/acre	APPLICATION METHOD Flood, Sprinkler,
Example (150 acres)	Month	15	350 + 2 = 352	352 x 2.719 = 957	15 x 957 = 14355	14355 / 150 = 96	Center Pivot
	Jan	2.30					
	Feb						
	Mar						
Effluent	750,000	gals/325,	850 gal/af				
Emuent	Jul	1					
	Ajig						
Month	i i	nly Discharge	Volumes				
January	750,000						
February				g Period - TOTALS			
(1) Contact your to	car county Extensi	on Agent or Natura	ai Kesource Conser	vation Service		* Use one form pe	r field and/or crop



Land Application Data Sheet

New Mexico Environment Departmen

Water Quality	-				Lan	* *	ated: June 27, 2002
55				FACILITY NAME:	Melanie'	s Resort & S	Spa
	ACRES: 3.	5.0		REPORT PERIOD			30-Jun-08 (month/day/yr)
<u>rf</u>	YIELD:			NITROŒN UPT.	AKE OF CROP(1):		
DATE/MONTH OF APPLICATION	A VOLUME OF EFFLUENT APPLIED ⁽²⁾ ac ft	(TKN+N	NO3)	C NITROGEN CONCENTRATIO (B x 2.719) lbs/ac fi	D TOTAL NITROGEN (A x C) lbs N	E NITROGEN APPLIED (D/acres) lbs N/acre	APPLICATION METHOD Flood, Sprinkler,
Month	15	250 + 2 =	352	$352 \times 2.719 = 957$	$15 \times 957 = 14355$	14355 / 150 = 96	Center Pivot
Jan	2.30	(17.1	L)				Sprinkler
Feb							
Mar							
Sampl	ing	TKN	N	O ₃ -N			
Date		mg/l	1	ng/1			
1	/15/08	8.5		8.6			
Aug			_				
Sep							
Oct							
Nov							
		D.		D : 1 TOTALS			
1	The state of the s	rf YIELD: DATE/MONTH OF APPLICATION APPLIED(2) ac ft Month 15 Jan 2.30 Feb Mar Sampling Date 1/15/08 Aug Sep Oct	A A A B	A A B LAB RESULTS(3) Month 15 250 + 2 = 352 Jan 2.30 17.1	Table Facility F	Sampling	Sampling



Land Application Data Sheet

New Mexico Environment Departmen Ground Water Quality Bureau Last Updated: June 2										
DP#: 55:	55			FACILITY NAME:	Melanie	's Hotel & S	pa			
FIELD#: par	#: parks ACRES: 35.0 REPORT PERIOD - FROM: 1-Jan-08 TO: 30-Jun-08 (month/day/yr)									
CROP: tu	<u>rf</u>	YIELD:		NITROŒN UPT.	AKE OF CROP(1):					
WASTE TYPE	DATE/MONTH OF APPLICATION	A VOLUME OF EFFLUENT APPLIED ⁽²⁾ ac ft	B LAB RESULTS ⁽³⁾ (TKN + NO3) mg/l	C NITROGEN CONCENTRATIO (F(x2.719) lbs/ac ft	D TOTAL NITROGEN (A x C) Ibs N	E NITROGEN APPLIED (D/acres) lbs N/acre	APPLICATION METHOD Flood, Sprinkler,			
Example (150 acres)	Month	15	350 + 2 = 352	$352 \times 2.719 = 957$	$15 \times 957 = 14355$	14355 / 150 = 96	Center Pivot			
	Jan	2.30	17.1	→ 46.5			Sprinkler			
	Feb)							
	Mar									
	Apr									
	May									
Effluent	Jun									
	Jul									
	Aug									
	Sep									
	Oct									
	Nov									
			Reporting	Period - TOTALS						



New Mexico Environment Departmen Ground Water Quality Bureau Last Upo											
DP#: 55	55			FACILITY NAME:	Melnaie	's Hotel & S	pa				
FIELD#: par	FIELD#: parks ACRES: 35.0 REPORT PERIOD - FROM: 1-Jan-08 (month/day/yr) TO: 30-Jun-08 (month/day/yr)										
CROP: tu	<u>rf</u>	YIELD:		NITROŒN UPT.	AKE OF CROP(1):						
WASTE TYPE	DATE/MONTH OF APPLICATION	A VOLUME OF EFFLUENT APPLIED ⁽²⁾ ac ft	B LAB RESULTS ⁽³⁾ (TKN + NO3) mg/l	C NITROGEN CONCENTRATIO (B x 2.719) lbs/ac ft	D TOTAL NITROGEN (A x C) Ibs N	E NITROGEN APPLIED (D/acres) lbs N/acre	APPLICATION METHOD Flood, Sprinkler,				
Example (150 acres)	Month	15	350 + 2 = 352	$352 \times 2719 = 957$	$15 \times 957 = 14355$	14355 / 150 = 96	Center Pivot				
	Jan	2.30	17.1	46.5	107		Sprinkler				
	Feb	\int									
	Mar										
	Apr										
	May										
Effluent	Jun										
	Jul										
	Aug										
	Sep										
	Oct										
	Nov										
			Reporting	Period - TOTALS							



New Mexico Environment Departmen **Land Application Data Sheet** Last Updated: June 27, 2002 Ground Water Ouality Bureau FACILITYNAME: Melanie's Hotel & Spa DP#: 5555 REPORT PERIOD - FROM: 1-Jan-08 TO: 30-Jun-08 (month/day/yr) parks ACRES: 35.0 FIELD#: turf CROP: YIELD: NITROGEN UPTAKE OF CROP(1): C D Ε A VOLUME OF DATE/MONTH NITROGEN TOTAL NITROGEN LAB RESULTS(3) APPLICATION **EFFLUENT** WASTE TYPE OF CONCENTRATIO NITROGEN APPLIED (TKN + NO3)METHOD APPLICATION APPLIED(2) (D/acres) $(B \times 2.719)$ $(A \times C)$ ac ft mg/1lbs/ac ft lbs N lbs N/acre Flood, Sprinkler, Example (150 acres) 350 + 2 = 352 $352 \times 2.719 = 957$ $15 \times 957 = 14355$ 14355 / 150 = 96Center Pivot Month 15 2.30 17.1 46.5 107.0 3.1 Sprinkler Jan Feb Mar Apr May Effluent Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Reporting Period - TOTALS 107 3



New Mexico Environment Departmen Land Application Data Sheet Ground Water Quality Bureau Last Updated: June 27, 2002 5555 Melanie's Hotel & Spa DP#: FACILITY NAME: REPORT PERIOD - FROM: 1-Jan-08 то: 30-Jun-08 parks 35.0 ACRES: FIELD #: (month/day/yr) turf YIELD: NITROGEN UPTAKE OF CROP(1): CROP: С Ε Α D **VOLUME OF** DATE/MONTH NITROGEN TOTAL NITROGEN LAB RESULTS(3) APPLICATION **EFFLUENT** WASTE TYPE OF CONCENTRATIO NITROGEN **APPLIED** (TKN + NO3)**METHOD** APPLIED(2) APPLICATION $(B \times 2.719)$ (D/acres) $(A \times C)$ lbs/ac ft lbs N lbs N/acre Flood, Sprinkler, ac ft mg/lExample (150 acres) Month 350 + 2 = 352 $352 \times 2.719 = 957$ $15 \times 957 = 14355$ 14355 / 150 = 96Center Pivot 2.3 17.1 46.5 3.1 107.0 Sprinkler Jan 15.3 98.9 2.8 41.6 2.4 Feb 22.0 133.1 3.8 59.8 Mar 12.4 2.5 33.7 82.8 2.4 Apr 2.5 18.9 51.4 127.7 3.6 May 2.6 23.7 64.4 169.1 4.8 **Effluent** Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov

Reporting Period - TOTALS



20.5

718.7

Monitoring, Reporting & Other Req.

- □ Discharge Volumes
- WastewaterSampling
- Land Application
- Ground Water Sampling
- □ Record Keeping

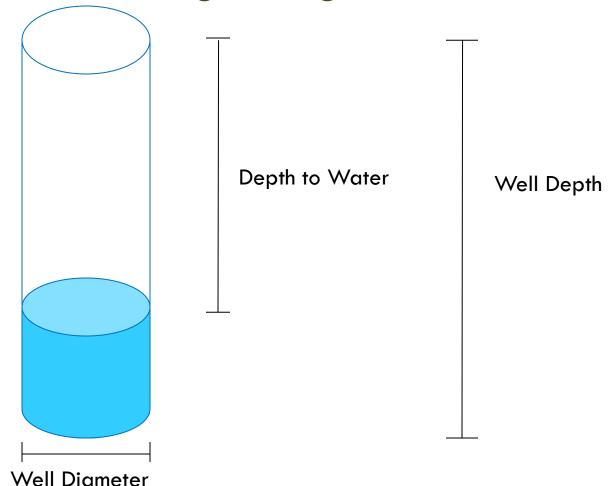




- Review permit requirements
- Get equipment ready
- Measure depth to water
- Purge three well volumes
- Sample well
- Preserve samples and send to lab

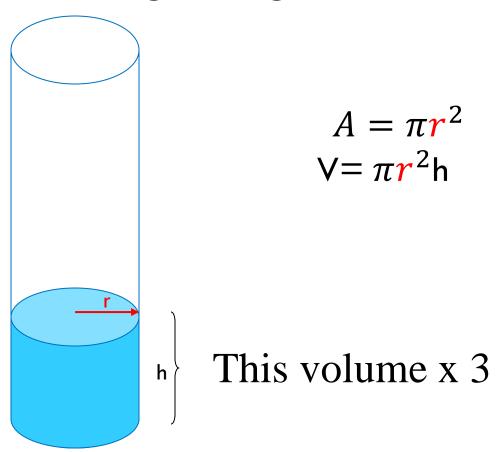


Calculating Purge Volume





Calculating Purge Volume





Groundwater Monitoring Worksheet and Reference Chart

8

2.61

		=		_	_		
onitoring well # ld location MW 1		Top of well casing (Step 6.c.)	Water Line (Step 6.d.)	Depth to water (A - B) (Step 6.e.)	Total depth of well (Step 1.e.)		
		100.2'	2.2'	98'	118'		
E		F C H	G	Н	I		
Linear feet		Diameter of well	Gallons of water	Volume of water	Volume of water		
water in w	ell	(Step 7.c.)	per linear foot	in the well	to be purged		
(D - C)			(Step 7.d.)	$(\mathbf{G} \times \mathbf{E})$	$(\mathbf{H} \times 3)$		
(Step 7.b)			(Step 7.e.)	(Step 8.a.)		
(20')		2"	(.16) —	→ 3.2 gal	9.6 gal		
ence Chart				Example of Sample Label			
eter (inches)	Gallons of water per linear foot		Site Name:	DP #			
1		.04	Date of sampling: Time of sampling:				
2	.16		Date of sampling Time of sampling:				
3	.37		Location of sampling (e.g. monitoring well ID/location):				
4	.65		Constituents compled for (e.g. TKN TDS etc.)				
6	1.47		Constituents sampled for (e.g. TKN, TDS, etc)				

Sample taken by: _____

B

 \mathbf{C}

 \mathbf{D}

Calculating Purge Volume – Easy Way

Linear Feet of Water in Well = Well Depth – Depth to Water

Gallons of Water in Well = Linear Feet x Gallons of Water per Linear Foot

Purge Volume = Gallons of Water in Well x 3

Reference Chart							
Inside well	Gallons of water per linear foot						
diameter (inches)							
1	.04						
2	.16						
3	.37						
4	.65						
6	1.47						
8	2.61						
10	4.08						
12	5.88						



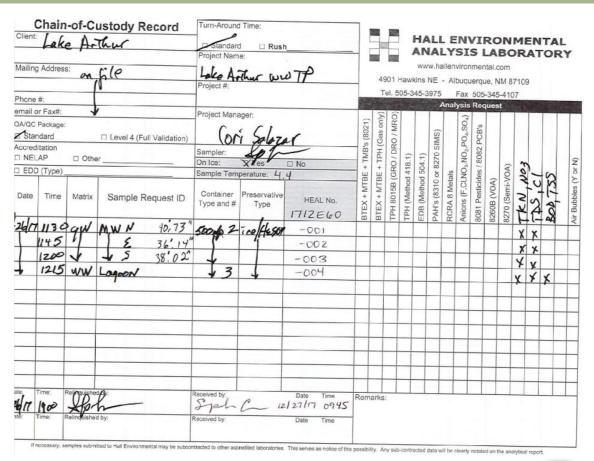
Groundwater Sampling - Reporting

Designation	Date Sampled	Depth to	TKN (mg/L)	NO ₃ -N (mg/L)	CI (mg/L)	TDS (mg/L)
		water	(9/-/	(9/ –/	(9/ –/	(9/ =/
						MEX

Groundwater Sampling – Reporting

Include copies of:

- Chain of custody
- QC documentation
- Lab Report





Groundwater Sampling – Flow

Example 1- Contours Overlay

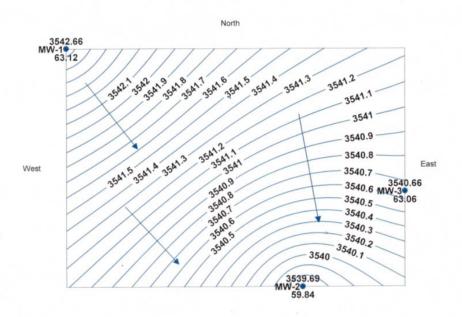




Groundwater Sampling - Flow

Example 2 – Potentiometric Surface

GROUNDWATER POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP



Depth to water measured from Top of Monitor Well Casing and is indicated by black numbers below Monitor Well Locations. Groundwater contours are developed by subtracting depth to groundwater from the surveyed top of Monitor Well Casing (ASL). Groundwater elevations (ASL) are indicated by black number above monitor well locations. Contour Interval = 0.1 Foot Blue flow lines show groundwater flow direction.



Groundwater Sampling - Flow

Example 3 – GW Flow Direction

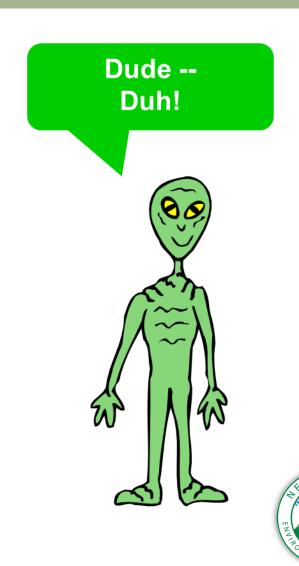




Groundwater Sampling -Lab Results

Should I look at the analytical results?





Sampling – Effluent Lab Results

	New Mexico Environment Department											В	
	Ground Water Quality Bureau									Summary of Analytical Results			
Facilit	ty Name: DP #:	Melanie's 4555	Resort &	Spa				Compile the analytical results received from the laboratory on this summary sheet AND attach copies of the laboratory					
								reports.					
Sampling Point		Sampling Date	Depth to Water (ft)	TKN mg/l	NO ₃ -N	Cl mg/l	TDS mg/l	Fecal Colife	Other:		If any analytical results exceed the limits or standards listed		
Lagoon		1/15/08		8.5	8.6	230	435	45		below, please highlight them on the chart at left. Check your discharge permit for re-sampling and corrective action			
Lagoon Lagoon		2/21/08 3/17/08	(6.1	9.2	282	488 505	32					
MW 1		3/17/08	29.95	11.2	10.6	110	335	10		ana correcti	ve action		
MW 2		3/17/08	32.77	1.4	2.2	115	358			Effluent Limits		1	
										Constituent TKN+NO ₃ - N	Limit 20	Units mg/l	
										Fecal Coliform Other:	100	CFU/100 ml	
										Ground Water Standards		andards	
										Constituent	Standard	Units	
										NO ₃ -N	10	mg/l	
										Cl	250	mg/l	
										TDS	1000	mg/l	
										рН	6 - 9	N/A	



Groundwater Sampling -Lab Results

	New	Mexico	Environ	ment D	epartm	ent						В
	Ground Water Quality Bureau							Summary of Analytical				
Facility	Name:	Melanie's	Resort & S	Spa				Compile th	e analytical	results received	l from the	laboratory
	DP #:	4555						on this sun reports.	ımary s heet	AND attach cop	ies of the	laboratory
Sampling		Sampling	Depth to	TKN	NO3-N	Cl	TDS	Fecal Colife	Other:	If any analy	tical resul	ts exceed
Point		Date	Water (ft)	mg/l	mg/l	mg/1	mg/l	units:	units:	the limits or standards listed below, please highlight them on the chart at left. Check your discharge permit for re-samplin and corrective action		
Lagoon		5/1/08		8.5	8.6	230	435	45				
Lagoon		6/6/08		6.1	9.2	282	488	32				
Lagoon		7/5/08		11.2	10.8	221	505	10				
MW 1		7/5/08	29.95	1	1.4	110	335					
MW 2		7/5/08	32.77	1.4	2.2	115	358			Effluent Limits		
										Constituent	Limit	Units
										TKN+NO ₃ - N	20	mg/l
										Fecal Coliform	100	CFU/100 m
										Other:		
										Ground Water Standards		andards
										Constituent	Standard	Units
_										NO ₃ -N	10	mg/l
										Cl	250	mg/l
										TDS	1000	mg/l
										pН	6-9	N/A



Contingency Plan

Contingency Plan

Describes activities to address problems or failure of the system resulting in:

- Unauthorized spill or unpermitted wastewater release.
- Violations of groundwater standards.
- Investigation of contamination sources.
- Failures of the discharge plan or system.



Contingency Plan – Spills





Contingency Plan - Spills

A Spill is:

- Any volume that threatens to impact ground water
- Any amount that poses a health, safety or environmental concern
- Any discharge that you are unsure of

Remember:

Failure to report spills can lead to significant enforcement action from NMED, including fines up to \$15,000 per violation.





Contingency Plan - Spills

Reporting Spills

- Oral notification to NMED within 24 hours of any spill or unpermitted release
 - Date, time, location and duration
 - Source/cause
 - **■** Estimated volume
 - Description of discharge
 - Actions to mitigate
- Send to NMED a written report within 7 days of incident and corrective action report within 15 days.
- Within 30 days of confirmed ground water contamination, a corrective action plan must be submitted to mitigate damage, including source control and a schedule for implementation. If the corrective action plan does not result in compliance with the standard within 180 days then they must submit an abatement plan.

Closure Plan

Closure Plan

Describes activities to occur after discharge has ceased, to ensure that the facility won't cause ground water contamination after abandonment

- Closure of wastewater treatment and/or storage components
- Post-closure ground water monitoring
- Termination of the Discharge Permit



General Terms and Conditions

General Terms and Conditions

- Record keeping!
- Provide information
- Allow inspections
- Identifies NMED's enforcement abilities
- Notify NMED of modifications
- Appeal Rights
- Permit Transfers
- Term of the permit
- Permit fee payment

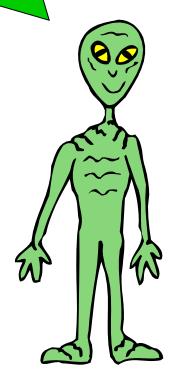


Modifications

Change in quality, quantity or location of discharge

When do I need a modification?







Permit Renewal

Applicant must submit an application for renewal at least 120 days before the expiration date of the Discharge Permit.



REVIEW

Purpose of a discharge permit is to protect:

- √ Groundwater
- √ Human health



Does my facility have a Discharge Permit?

- □ Yes
- □ No
- □ I need to find out

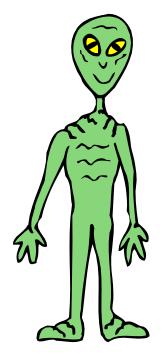


Does my facility need a discharge permit?

- □ Yes
- □ No
- l'm fuzzy about this
 - Call NMED to discuss



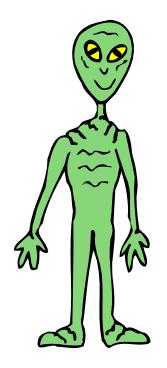
When is my monitoring report due?



Annually
Semi-annually
Quarterly
On-time!



If I send in my DMR, isn't that good enough?



No.



How long do I purge the monitoring well?



- □ 30 minutes
- ✓ Must do math
- Until clear



What's the ground water standard for nitrate?

```
✓ 10 mg/l
```

- □ 25 mg/l
- □ 3 ppb
- □ 4,892,333 mg/l



How far in advance should I submit a renewal application?



- □ 2 days
- □ 30 days
- ✓ 6 months



Questions???





Thank You!

Ground Water Quality Bureau

Thank you for your interest and attention.

Questions?

Harold Runnels Building 1190 South St. Francis Drive (87505)

P.O. Box 5469

Santa Fe, NM 87502-5469

Phone: (505) 827-2900

www.env.nm.gov



BREAK 2:30PM – 2:40PM



NMED PARTNER PRESENTATIONS

2:40PM - 3:00PM

Lead Service Line Inventory

Diana Aranda, Lead & Copper Program AdministratorDrinking Water Bureau
New Mexico Environment Department



New Mexico Environment Department

Lead and Copper Rule

Initial Service Line Inventory

Diana Ixchel Aranda (she/her)
Lead and Copper Rule Administrator

on Zuni Pueblo and Navajo traditional homelands

2023 Rural Water Summit Aug 31, 2023



Goals of the Lead and Copper Rule

- Protect <u>public health</u> by minimizing lead and copper levels in drinking water.
- Accomplished through:
 - Removal of all lead lines.
 - Reduction of corrosivity in the water.
 - Corrosive water, if untreated, can dissolve lead and other metals from pipes and other components present in household plumbing.

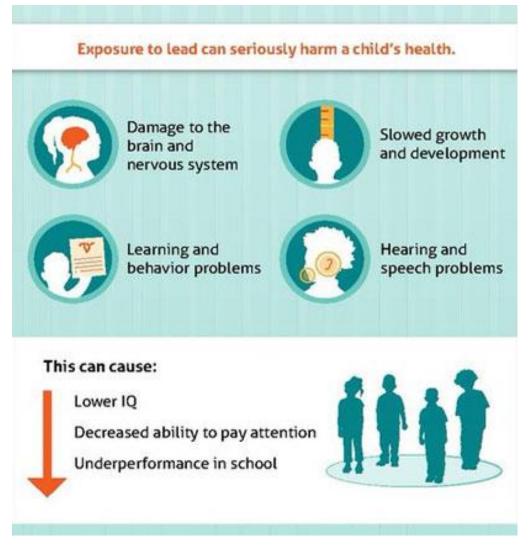


They are no safe lead levels in drinking water

- □ The lead standard for lead is zero (0).
- Lead is a highly poisonous metal.
- If exposed, it can affect almost every organ in living things.
- Can cause serious and irreversible health damage.
- Developing children are the most vulnerable population.
- Exposure to Lead can Seriously Harm a Child's Health.



Exposure to Lead can Seriously Harm a Child's Health





Lead in your drinking water

How can we protect ourselves from lead in drinking water at home or in your place of work?





How to protect yourself from lead in drinking water?

UTILITY-SIDE SERVICE LINE*

When drinking:

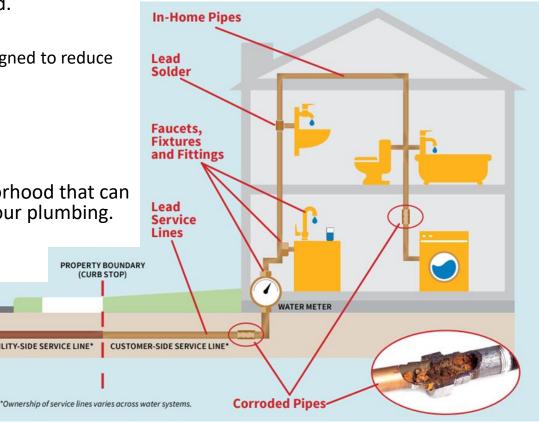
- Use cold water.
- Run your water and flush your system before use.
- Clean your faucet aerator regularly.
- Boiling water does not remove lead.
- Use filters properly.
 - Only specific filter products are designed to reduce lead contamination.

Investigate:

- When the structure was built?
- Is there lead in the plumbing?
- Construction events in the neighborhood that can cause disturbances/vibrations in your plumbing.

PUBLIC WATER MAIN

(Not a source of lead)





Getting lead out in drinking water is not new.

Lead and copper rule of 1991 included service line replacement regulations.

§ 141.84 Lead service line replacement requirements.

(a) Systems that fail to meet the lead action level in tap samples taken pursuant to § 141.86(d)(2), after installing corrosion control and/or source water treatment (whichever sampling occurs later), shall replace lead service lines in accordance with the requirements of this section. If a system

56 FR 26548 :: Document View



How can we achieve our lead-free goals?

Identify the materials within our distribution system.

Initial service line inventory.

- Create a lead line replacement plan.
- Create a plan to protect children in schools and childcare facilities.
- Replace and eliminate all lead in the plumbing system.



Deadline to achieve a materials baseline

- On October 16, 2024,
 - Community (C) and Non-transient-Non-Community (NTNC) systems
 - submit an excel electronic document to the Drinking Water Bureau (DWB)
 - shall contain the federally required and recommended service line inventory elements concerning their public water system.
- ALL Community and Non-transient-Non-Community systems, even those systems <u>without</u> <u>lead lines</u> in the public side and private side, must submit a service line inventory.



Submitting inventories

- □ Whom?
 - NMED Drinking Water Bureau → Lead and Copper Rule Administrator

- Where?
 - The Administrator (Diana) is working on building an online submittal portal for inventory documents.

- When are inventories due?
 - October 16, 2024

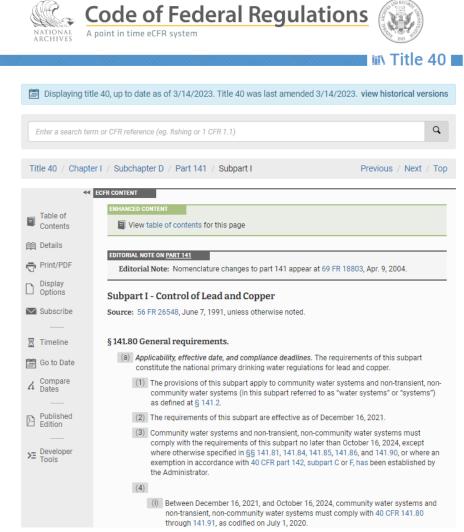


Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)

✓ 40 CFR Part 141

Subpart I - Control of

Lead and Copper





Different sections of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)

Title 40 / Chapter I / Subchapter D / Part 141 / Subpart I

Previous / Next / Top

	Table of	ENHANCED CO	ONTENT - TABLE OF CONTENTS	
	Contents	▼ Subpart	Control of Lead and Copper	141.80 - 141.93
		§ 141	.80 General requirements.	
	Details	§ 141	81 Applicability of corrosion control treatn	nent steps to small, medium, and large water
_			systems.	
Ū	Print/PDF	§ 141	82 Description of corrosion control treatm	ent requirements.
	Display Options	§ 141	83 Source water treatment requirements.	
		§ 141	84 Lead service line replacement requirem	nents.
	•	§ 141	85 Public education and supplemental mo	nitoring and mitigation requirements.
\checkmark	Subscribe	§ 141.86 Monitoring requirements for lead and copper in tap water.		copper in tap water.
		§ 141	87 Monitoring requirements for water qua	lity parameters.
		§ 141	88 Monitoring requirements for lead and o	copper in source water.
X	Timeline	§ 141	.89 Analytical methods.	
		§ 141	.90 Reporting requirements.	
	Go to Date	§ 141	.91 Recordkeeping requirements.	
		•	.92 Monitoring for lead in schools and child	
4	Compare Dates	§ 141	.93 Small water system compliance flexibil	lity.
			as defined at § 141.2.	



Lead Service Line requirement subsections

√ 40 CFR 141.84(a) Lead service line inventory.

40 CFR 141.84(b) Lead service line replacement plan.

40 CFR 141.84(c) Operating procedures for replacing lead goosenecks, pigtails, or connectors.

40 CFR 141.84(d) Requirements for conducting lead service line replacement that may result in partial replacement.

40 CFR 141.84(e) Requirements for conducting full lead service line replacement.

40 CFR 141.84(f) Goal-based full lead service line replacement for water systems whose 90th percentile lead level is above the trigger level but at or below the lead action level.

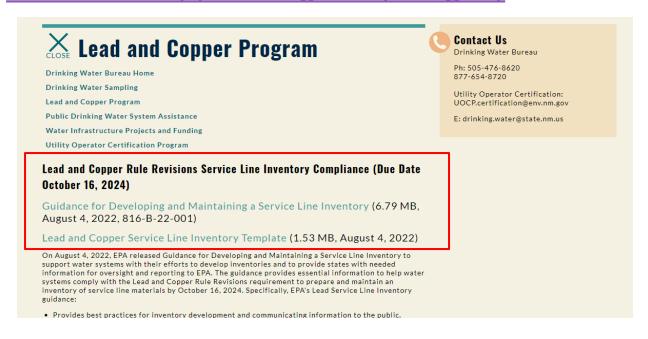
40 CFR 141.84(g) Mandatory full lead service line replacement for water systems whose 90th percentile lead level exceeds the lead action level.

40 CFR 141.84(h) Reporting to demonstrate compliance to State.



Access to EPA guidance and excel template

- New Mexico Environment Department
- Lead and copper rule DWB page:
 - Lead and Copper Program (nm.gov)





EPA reference document for this presentation:



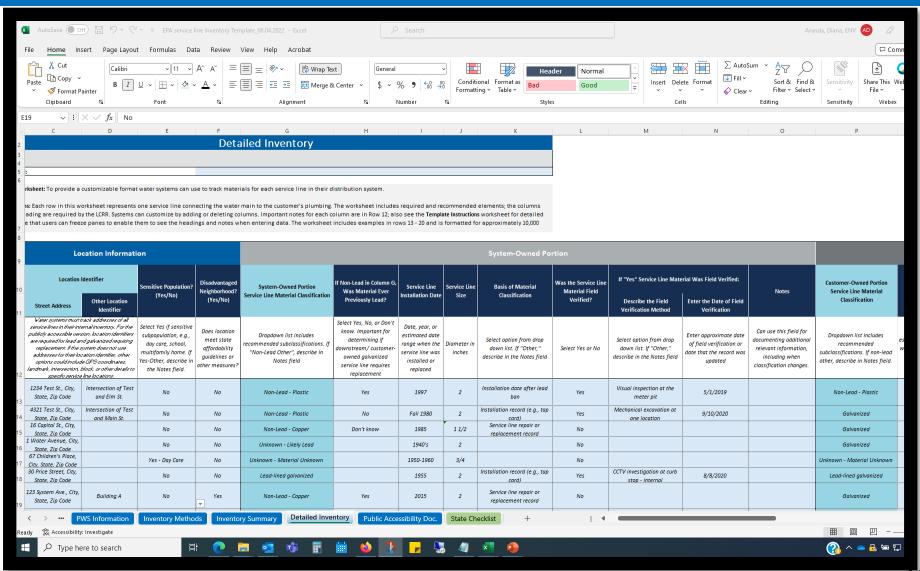
Guidance for Developing and Maintaining a Service Line Inventory

Office of Water (4606M) EPA 816-B-22-001 August 2022

Document Display | NEPIS | US EPA



Service line inventory excel sheet





Federally Required Elements

Tabs from the template excel sheet

PWS Information Inventory Methods Inventory Summary Detailed Inventory Public Accessibility Doc.



Federal Required –detailed inventory elements

- Location Identifier.
- ✓ System-Owned Portion Service Line Material Classification.
- Customer-Owned Portion Service Line Material Classification.
- Entire Service Line Material Classification.
- Materials must be classified:
 - Lead
 - Galvanized Requiring Replacement (GRR)
 - Unknown
 - non-lead service lines



Lead ban in the state of New Mexico

Try to date your private and public distribution lines

The state of New Mexico implemented its lead ban in 1987



- 40 CFR 141.84(a)(2): "all service lines connected to the public water distribution system regardless of ownership status"
- Must include public and customer lines.

□ Up to the building inlet/ structure. (NO INSIDE STRUCTURE

PLUMBING)

Visual inspection point for survey inventory

Public system line

Private line





Tips for moving forward



Read and Review

- The excel template instructions
- EPA and other guidance's



Gather

- Use existing system asset inventory or use this inventory to begin one
- All existing historical documents, review and organize them
- GIS data (local county, source water protection plans, etc.)
 - Example: create a google earth file of your distribution system



Determine

- The number of public and private lines
- Provide a unique name/identification.
- Example: 100 connections plus 10 main lines = 110 inventory entries/rows



Tips for moving forward



Fill out

- The entire inventory with all the information you do know, based on the information you have gathered.
 - Keep accurate thorough notes of your methods as you go along.
- If you don't know the material information because you have yet not found historical documents, label as unknown.
- Now you know what you do not know!



Visualize

- New strategies for determining unknowns.
- Example: conduct a visual survey at water meter, where you can observe both the private and the public lines.
 - Document the event with photos of both sides of the meter



Test

- Magnet test (if lead, it will not stick)
- Scratch test (dull and soft = lead)



Tips for moving forward



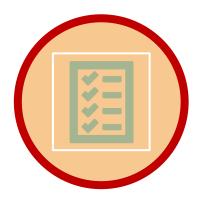
Update

 Your inventory with every new piece of information or visual inspection that comes in



Submit inventory

- Before, Thursday Oct. 16, 2024.
- Details on where and how to submitted are currently being developed



Remember- Even when you are done with the inventory, and confirming all materials, you still need to move forward with a replacement plan if you have lead lines.



Service Line Investigation Methods

- Conduct visual inspections during repairs and site visits.
 - □ Do the *scratch and magnet test*.
 - If the pipe is a silver metallic color, the customer can carefully scratch the pipe with a key or coin.
- Enlist the public's help:
 - to identify the material of the customer-owned portion of the service line.
 - Provide them with guidance on typical configurations to find the lines.



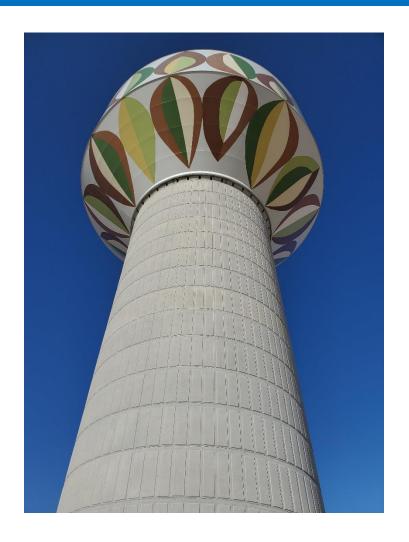


Federal **Requirement**- making your inventory public

- All systems shall publicly post and update your inventory.
 - Use street address as the location identifier if possible.
 - Include educational on reducing exposure to lead.
- □ If you serve more than 50,000 people, you must provide your inventory **online**.
- If you have lead, GRR, or unknown services lines, you must provide notification to persons served by these lines within <u>30 days after completing the initial</u> inventory.
- If you are a <u>Community Water System</u>, you must also include instructions on how to access the inventory in your Consumer Confidence Report.



Completing your inventory



- Make your inventory as thorough/complete as possible
- Minimize the unknowns
 - Will help costumers stay safe.
 - Allowing them to take steps to minimize their lead exposure.
 - Giving them the knowledge to replace their LSLs and GRR.
 - The more you know the more access to the current <u>funding available for lead</u> <u>service line replacement</u> (LSLR) activities, allowing for systems to demonstrate the need and scope of LSLR projects.



Water Infrastructure Projects and Funding (nm.gov)



X Water Infrastructure Projects and **Funding**

Drinking Water Bureau Home

Drinking Water Sampling

Lead and Copper Program

Public Drinking Water System Assistance

Water Infrastructure Projects and Funding

Utility Operator Certification Program

Pre-Application Form (accepted any time)

Engineering Project Quick-Links

Construction Application & other Forms

More water infrastructure construction info below



Contact information

For information regarding all things lead and copper:

Contact the Lead and Copper Administrator:

Diana I. Aranda

Diana.Aranda@env.nm.gov

(505) 372-8166

NMED PARTNER PRESENTATIONS

3:00PM - 3:20PM

Septic Systems Program

Lauren Reichelt, Director Environmental Health Division New Mexico Environment Department

Note: Lauren Reichelt was unable to make this presentation, but COG/RWPO will reach out to schedule this presentation during a regular Water Commons meeting.

For more information, go to https://www.nwnmcog.org/water.html

NMED PARTNER PRESENTATIONS

3:20PM - 3:40PM

Drinking Water Bureau Compliance Office

Gordon Miller, Environmental Researcher, Compliance Officer Drinking Water Bureau New Mexico Environment Department



New Mexico Environment Department



Compliance Resources

- Drinking Water Bureau Website env.nm.gov/drinking_water/
- Drinking Water Watch –
 dww.water.net.env.nm.gov/NMDWW/
- Federal Primary Drinking Water Regulations 40 CFR 141
- New Mexico Drinking Water Regulations <u>20.7.10</u>
 NMAC
- EPA Standardized Monitoring Framework
- Your Compliance Officer

 Work with Public Water Systems to return violations to compliance

 Address outstanding significant deficiencies identified during sanitary surveys

Identify systems that would benefit from assistance

Ensure safe drinking water for New Mexicans

#

Questions?

Gordon Miller, Compliance Officer Farmington Field Office Gordon.Miller@env.nm.gov 505-258-3203

FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES

3:40PM - 3:50PM



Angelina Grey, Office Manager

Regional Water Planning Organization
Northwest New Mexico Council of Governments

CLOSING & ADJOURN

3:50PM - 4:00PM



Evan Williams, Executive DirectorNorthwest New Mexico Council of Governments